

GOOD SERVICE

WHAT does good service mean? It means courteous attention to all customers. It means selling just what the purchaser wants. It means giving full weight and honest meat. It means selling at a fair figure. It means taking care of all the little things that count.

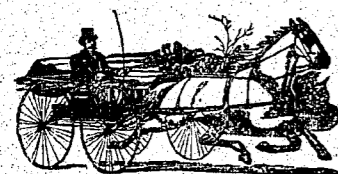
Milk's MarketF. H. Milks
Phone No. 2

Everything IN Hardware

Yes, we mean exactly what we say — EVERYTHING — and you can't beat our quality and our very low prices anywhere in this part of this country. The proof is in the trying. Do it.

SALLING, HANSON CO.
Hardware Department

LIVERY & SALES STABLES



Prompt livery service ready at anytime.
Also heavy work.

Farms and Farm Lands and Village Property For Sale.

N. P. Olson, Grayling
Phone No. 384

If you want Bread with a distinctive flavor, be sure to call for

CASSIDY'S HOME-MADE BREAD

For Sale at most stores or Phone 162

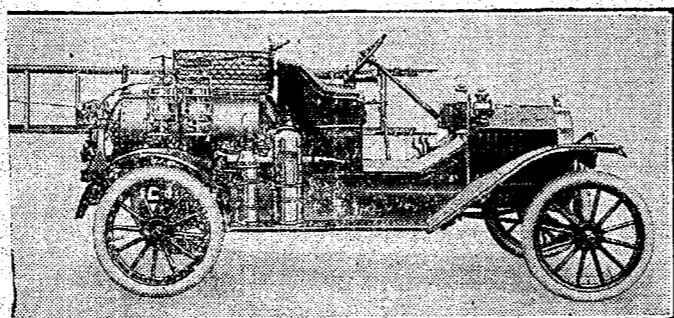
Model Bakery and Grocery
THE HOME OF PURITY AND QUALITY

GRAYLING VILLAGE HAS PURCHASED

DOUBLE TANK CHEMICAL CAR.
Modern Equipment for Fire Fighting.

At the council meeting last Monday night a resolution to purchase a chemical fire engine was passed and adopted and an order placed for the same. It is expected that the apparatus will arrive some time next week.

Pictured on this page is an American LaFrance Double Tank Chemical Equipment mounted on Ford chassis, such as has been purchased by the village. This car has been especially designed for towns and villages, to provide them with the most up-to-date fire-fighting equipment at a price that



can be easily afforded by any municipality.

The need of such an equipment has long been felt in the smaller communities. Heretofore only the larger cities have been able to enjoy the advantages of modern apparatus. Statistics show that nearly 75% of the fires in this country are put out with a chemical stream. This clearly shows that this fire car would, to a considerable extent, lessen the damage in small fires as it is well known that water is often as damaging as the fire itself.

This car has a very complete and excellent equipment, which is to be expected, as it is built by the oldest and largest manufacturers of fire apparatus in the world. In addition to the two 25 gallon chemical tanks with bypass system, it carries 150 feet of chemical hose with shut-off nozzle and two tips, a 16 foot extension ladder, one hand extingisher of the approved fire department style, a 5 lb. axe, a crow bar, two fire department lanterns, an extra acid receptacle and holder, and a soda canister, all of which are strongly mounted on the car in readily accessible places. A complete set of tools, electric lights and a rotary gong are also included.

Except for the brass parts which are polished, the entire car is painted in English vermilion, striped, the standard fire department color, which gives it a fine appearance that any city would be proud of.

Such apparatus would provide motor service at a cost that would be exceedingly small for the additional protection provided. It means that fires would be reached much quicker than is possible by hand or horse drawn apparatus, thus preventing, by quick action, many small blazes from becoming serious fires. Outlying districts, could be speedily reached so that property situated at a distance from the fire station would receive practically the same protection as that near at hand. Then, too, the surrounding country would secure the benefit of such a piece of apparatus. Property 3 to 5 miles away could be protected which would be impossible without motor driven apparatus.

Another point in favor of this car is that it can be driven by a large number of people. Practically anybody can drive a Ford. Then in case of accident or breakage, repair parts can easily be secured, necessitating no delays. In fact, in all respects this American-LaFrance double tank chemical equipment mounted on Ford chassis comprises a complete high grade piece of motor apparatus that can be very economically and easily maintained and operated.

Just the Thing for Diarrhoea.

"About two years ago I had a severe attack of diarrhoea which lasted over a week," writes W. C. Jones, Buford, N. D. "I became so weak that I could not stand upright. A druggist recommended Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. The first dose relieved me and within two days I was well as ever." Many druggists recommend this remedy because they know that it is reliable. Obtainable everywhere.

Liver Trouble.

"I am bothered with liver trouble about twice a year," writes Joe Dingman, Webster City, Iowa. "I have pains in my side and back and an awful soreness in my stomach. I heard of Chamberlain's Tablets and tried them. By the time I had used half a bottle of them I was feeling fine and had no signs of pain." Obtainable everywhere.

"Currie for Congress"

The Saloon, a Menace to Society.

The thots expressed by the words, "The President says, in the 'wet' advertisement in the Avalanche of Aug. 3 is misleading, blind, characteristic of the 'wet' argument.

What President says? Surely not President Wilson. No, the President of a band of saloon men and brewers says: I am against statewide prohibition. Does your neighbor rule your home? Your home is ruled within itself.

W. J. Bryan says: "The saloon and its product are similar to a person scattering itch in a community and then fining the persons infected, because they scratch. We are our brother's keeper and we have more right in any way to scatter the seeds of drunkenness than we have the germs of a communicable disease.

No civilization at any time will rise

above the family. The civilization in which we live, in which we rear our boys and girls, will rise no higher than the ideals of the family. Within that home that is ruled only within itself, that home that is ruled by a drunken father, possessed of a diseased brain and a mentally depressed and physically hungry mother, to what height will civilization attain?

An individual is not the product of his own efforts. First, he is the product of society. This classification can be subdivided into two divisions, heredity and environment.

Every child has the right to be decently born. Can drunken parents give such a right to the child? If not, such parents are producing a unit detrimental to society. From a home having a criminal as its head, 187 criminals were produced in his line of offsprings. Should such a home rule itself? If environment is the other large factor in the making of human being, have we a right to have saloons in our communities? Or is it our business to see that our youth is reared in a clean, wholesome environment?

Second, every individual should live so as not to injure society. We live in a universe of law. Life is scientific. We can't go contrary to nature and build up a safe civilization. Whoever disobeys the laws of nature bears the scars of transgression. Truly, our American society is scared again and again by contact with the saloon. If society finds its units useless, detrimental, it compels such units to live right. What an unnecessary expenditure of money in the righting of such society units who know neither how to rule their home nor anything else.

Third, every individual should live so as to contribute to society. We should live so as to bring out into the highest state of possible perfection all our powers of body and soul, and make the most and best of which our nature is susceptible. Perfection is the pursuit of sweetness and light. Having attained this as much as lieth in us, we should be about our Father's business casting blessings, not curses, upon all with whom we come in contact. If the voters are inspired with a desire to make society better, they will vote for statewide prohibition next November.

adv.
Mrs. T. E. Lewis, Frederic, Mich.

Ebba Ehrhardt.

The death of Miss Ebba Ehrhardt, daughter of Mrs. Matilda Ehrhardt, of Flint, came as a sad shock to her many friends in Grayling last Saturday.

Miss Ehrhardt passed away late Friday night, following a lingering illness of eight months, of tuberculosis of the throat.

Miss Ehrhardt was 32 years old, and was born in Copenhagen, Denmark, from whence she came to the United States in 1901 with her mother, coming straight to Grayling. The family resided here until seven years ago, when they moved to Flint.

The young lady will be well remembered here as for almost two years she was an efficient saleslady in the Salling, Hanson & Co., store, and had made many warm friends by her pleasing manners and cheery disposition. She was a very accomplished pianist, having studied under noted musicians in Denmark.

She leaves to mourn her going, besides a host of friends in Grayling, her bereaved mother, and two brothers, Toben and Elmer of Flint, and a grandmother in Denmark.

Presbyterian Church Notes.
Preaching service every Sabbath, at 10:30 a. m.
No evening service until September.
Rev. J. C. Elliott, Acting Pastor.

NELSON SHARPE CIRCUIT JUDGE

**ENDORSES MELVIN A. BATES
FOR REPRESENTATIVE.****Will Make Capable and Efficient
Member of State Legislature.**

In an unsolicited letter to Melvin A. Bates, Circuit Judge Nelson Sharpe highly endorses the former for the office of Representative Presque Isle district.

Perhaps no person in Michigan is more appreciated by the people who know him than is Judge Sharpe, and such an endorsement as the Judge has so voluntarily offered of Mr. Bates will carry much weight with those who are interested in good and efficient government.

JUDGE SHARPE SAYS:

Aug. 7, 1916.

Mr. M. A. Bates,
Grayling, Michigan.

Dear Mr. Bates:

While I do not live in your Representative district, I want you to know that I feel a keen interest in your primary campaign. This is not only due to my personal friendship for you but is owing to my appreciation of the fact that you will make a capable and efficient member of the State Legislature.

The continually increasing tax levy of Michigan must surely begin to cause anxiety to property owners and it is time that we begin to send men to the legislature who appreciate this fact and who have had sufficient experience with state and county affairs to assist in making reductions in and cutting out useless appropriations.

From an intimate acquaintance with you for more than twenty-five years, I feel confident that you will exert your influence to this end and I also know that you will also at all times be found on the right side of every question affecting the interests of your people and of the state at large.

With best wishes for your success and regret that I cannot be in the same district so that I might aid you in a personal way, believe me,

Sincerely yours,
NELSON SHARPE.

Mr. Bates is a man of mature judgment, has had a broad experience in civic affairs and, just as Judge Sharpe states, may always be found on the right side of every question effecting the interests of his people and of the state at large.

The people of Presque Isle district have had an opportunity of knowing Mr. Bates' attitude on some of the important questions effecting state legislation. You know where he stands. Can as much be said for other legislative candidates? Mr. Bates stands ready to publicly answer any questions asked of him. He is willing to go on record for any principles he may support.



Eldorado Nuggets.

Mrs. Leon Searsaw of Roscommon spent last week with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Jesse Duffell.

Miss Gertrude Hartman returned to Detroit Monday, after a two week's stay at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. George Hartman.

Miss Lizzie Kranz of Alba was a week-end visitor at the Elmer Head home.

James Williams and daughter, Sarah spent Sunday at home. Mr. Williams reports fine progress with the road of which he is overseeing the building.

The George Hartman family spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Oren Royce at Luzerne.

George Russell has gone to Traverse City for a month's stay.
Wm. H. Baker died at Owosso Aug. 8th. He has been quite a well known resident in these parts for years.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Lamm visited at the home of their daughter, Mrs. Conrad Webnes, Sunday.

The Best Laxative.

To keep the bowels regular the best laxative is outdoor exercise. Drink a full glass of water half an hour before breakfast and eat an abundance of fruit and vegetables, also establish a regular habit and be sure that your bowels move once each day. When a medicine is needed take Chamberlain's Tablets. They are pleasant to take and mild and gentle in effect. Obtainable everywhere.

Read the want ads in the Avalanche.
"Currie for Congress"

Dry Goods, Shoes, Clothing

**We Think You will Profit by
Becoming a Patron of
This Store**

It is not our policy to boast or to make extravagant statements that we cannot back up. But we do make it our business to sell goods just as cheap or cheaper than any other firm from whom you can buy. And in addition to this the Quality of our Goods is Always High. That is where your profit as a patron comes in.

Our stock of Summer Dry Goods is strong.
In our Men's Department we have the comfortable Hot Weather Wearables.

EMIL KRAUS

Grayling's Leading Dry Goods Store

WAYNE POLITICS GETTING WARM

**Leland and Sleeper Are Tearing
Things High and Wide In
State Metropolis.**

Detroit, Mich., August 12.—That Albert E. Sleeper of Bad Axe, candidate for the Republican nomination for governor, will poll fifty per cent of the vote cast in Wayne county in the gubernatorial primary, is the prediction made by many of the local students of politics who are familiar with conditions and who carefully canvassed the situation.

From carefully tabulated reports gathered from every county in Michigan Sleeper's friends predict that he will come to Wayne county with an upstate plurality of at least 35,000.

"Not since the historic primary campaign of 1910 when Chase S. Osborn was nominated over all candidates by a plurality of 30,000, has there been such a decided sentiment in favor of a gubernatorial candidate as has shown in favor of Albert E. Sleeper," said one of the most prominent Republicans in the state while discussing the situation today.

"Bert Sleeper combines a pleasing personality with genuine business ability. He made good as state senator. He was nominated and elected state treasurer at a time when the state's finances were in terrible shape. He installed up-to-date business methods in the treasury department and was able to tell at the end of every day the amount of money in each of the various funds.

"Mr. Sleeper will be nominated August 29th. There is absolutely no question about that, and he will be elected in November. He has been associated with state affairs and state institutions to such an extent he knows thoroughly the needs of the state and will be a Governor of whom the state justly feel proud."—Political ad.

Card of Thanks.

Companion Court No. 652 desire to thank Rev. Mitchell, also the choir for their services rendered at the funeral service of Mrs. Jeffrey McMahon.

Mrs. O. Cowen,
Mrs. James McNeven,
Committee.

DUNCAN MORAIR.

Here! Here!

The twenty-eighth Senatorial district would be represented by Duncan McRae of Greenbush, Alcona Co., J. M. Perry of Osceola Co., and Senator L. L. Kelley of Clare. The Greenbush man, however, is the only one who is making a campaign in the eastern part of the district, and he is putting up a vigorous one. If McRae is all that his home county paper says he is, and his friends say the newspapers has him sized up right, we could wish he had a few hundred votes to put into the ballot box for him and clinch his nomination. Under the circumstances, tho, all we can do is to sit by and wish him luck, which we do most heartily.—Isosco Gazette.

The writer of the above is a lady. That's why she isn't allowed to vote yet. However, that is a condition that will be righted some day, and there are a lot of people in Alcona county who would be willing to let her cast all the votes she cares to for Senator on August 29th.

Cure for Cholera Morbus.

"When our little boy, now seven years old, was a baby he was cured of cholera morbus by Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy," writes Mrs. Sidney Simmons, Fair Haven, N. Y.

"Since then other members of my family have used this valuable medicine for colic and bowel troubles with good satisfaction and I gladly endorse it as a remedy of exceptional merit." Obtainable everywhere.

Subscribe for the Avalanche.

Ford
THE UNIVERSAL CAR

New Prices Aug. 1, 1916

The following prices for Ford cars will be effective on and after August 1st, 1916

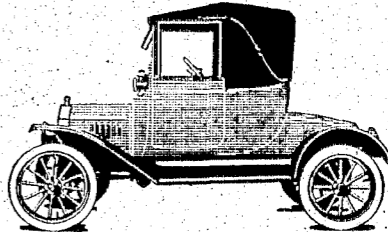
Chassis	\$325	Couplet	\$505
Runabout	345	Town Car	595
Touring Car	360	Sedan	645

f. o. b. Detroit

These prices are positively guaranteed against any reduction before August 1st, 1917, but there is no guarantee against an advance in price at any time.

George Burke, Frederic, Mich.

Agent for Crawford and Northern Roscommon Counties



MICHIGAN TROOPS IN TWO CAMPS

**MEN DISCHARGED WILL HAVE A
LONELY RIDE TO GRAYLING
FOR MUSTERING OUT.**

SOME HARD BORDER SERVICE

Camp Cotton Regiments to Cover
Some Long Stretches On the Border
to Guard Against Mexican Raids.

Grayling—Guardmen at El Paso who are discharged for any reason which entitles them to travel pay, will be sent to Camp Ferris at government expense and here be given their discharge by Major F. L. Wells senior mustering officer. The government will allow the men 3 1/2 cents a mile from Camp Ferris to their home town. It was the prevailing belief that the government would allow travel pay from the place where the troops are located when the discharges were ordered. When the soldier starts from Texas or any other southern point, he will be given a ticket calling for "first class" passage to Camp Ferris. The ticket does not call for a sleeper. It permits him to sit in a high back seat. He will be given rations enough to feed him en route. If he goes into the dining car he will do so at his own expense, all of which means that while he is traveling "first class" he will be eating like an immigrant and trusting in fate to keep the train running to schedule so that his food supply may not run out before he reaches his destination. The ticket, instead of three and a half cents a mile traveling pay, makes the government reasonably certain that the soldier will reach his state mobilization camp and not spend his money before he can get started for home.

After he reaches Camp Ferris the soldier will be physically examined. Then, if it is found he is not up to the requirements, he will be in a position to file a pension claim. If he is found to be perfect, the government will be protected against fraud by the doctor's report. After he is finally mustered out the guard will be given three and a half cents a mile from Camp Ferris to his point of enlistment. With this money he may do as he pleases. The government has let him out from under control.

The Pay Day Absentees.

Grayling—More than sixty men of the Thirty-third regiment were absent without leave last week some of them have been gone since pay day of the week before. The number of men taking French leave caused Colonel Bonther, commanding the regiment, to declare that the most drastic application of military law would be made in these cases. Some of the men are facing terms in Leavenworth prison. If they are absent 10 days or more they will be regarded as deserters, the colonel stated, and will be tried by general court-martial. The minimum sentence is 18 months in federal prison.

The Field Training.

Grayling—General Kirk has received general orders relative to field training covering the period from August 1 to October 31. The company training extends to August 31; the battalion from September 1 to 15; regimental, September 16 to 25; brigade, September 26 to 30. Practical field work and maneuvers, October 1 to 31.

Michigan Troops On Outposts.

El Paso—The order for outpost duty has been issued and the Michigan regiments will be used to cover a long stretch. The detail is for fifteen days covering such outposts as Las Cruces, N. M., Camutillo, Tex., and other border towns. They will guard the "Big Bend" country which has been the scene of so many border raids and outrages.

It is not known yet whether the Thirty-first or Thirty-second regiments will be given the assignment or whether some companies of both regiments will be used. Colonel Covell, commander of the provisional brigade, has the choice, and has not announced what he will do. The line of duty will be so long that it will take the commandant two days to inspect the posts. The colonel and his staff will be provided with an automobile for the detail.

Camp Cotton will not be broken for this duty and it is expected that the troops detailed to the outposts will carry light baggage and shelter tents. The detail starts August 25.

Camp Cotton Hurricane.

El Paso—A hurricane, accompanied by a cloudburst, blew down tents at Camp Cotton, knocked men flat and ruined several thousand dollars' worth of Thirty-first Michigan infantry property. Nobody was seriously hurt, although a score were slightly injured by flying debris. The Michigan men learned a valuable lesson on Texas winds and the camp has been made a safer place to live in. All the tentage is reinforced and strengthened by additional stakes and ropes.

A Private in Bad.

El Paso—Private Harold Labuff, of Company D, confessed to taking checks from the mails and cashing them, say government officials, and militia officers who examined him. According to Capt. Isaac Godfrey, of Monroe, officer of the day, who arrested Labuff, the soldier boy has spent about \$400 within the past two weeks. He refused to divulge the name of the girl he presented with a diamond. He admitted stealing telephone company's pay checks, sent to some of the employees in the camp.

MICHIGAN NEWS BRIEFS

Saginaw coal miners have resumed work after threatening to strike for some time.

W. Thompson of Marshall has been elected colonel of the Calhoun county battalion, G. A. R.

Thomas Atkins, 35 years old, Newaygo farmer, was found dead in a vacant lot in Grand Rapids.

A sparrow's nest blocked a gas pipe and cut off the gas supply for several families at Menominee.

Three new paralytic cases have been reported, one from Oakwood, Wayne county, and two from Flint.

Clemente Pignatelli is under arrest in Saginaw for using a knife on his wife, who is expected to die.

Bay City has had 15 cases of infantile paralysis so far this year. Three have died and there are 12 cases now under quarantine.

Fifteen miles of good roads a month are being built in Oakland county under the combined two-mill tax and the million dollar bond issue.

The board of public works of Grand Rapids, awarded contracts for street paving amounting to \$33,000. A dozen miles of paving is in progress.

Susan Vosburg began suit for \$10,000 damages against the city of Grand Rapids. She alleges she suffered permanent injuries from a fall on a sidewalk.

Maj. George Palmerlee of Detroit, head of the medical corps of the Thirty-first Michigan infantry, has tendered his resignation to the war department.

Benton Harbor city council has refused to pay a bill brought by a circus for tickets given the municipal authorities under an alleged fraudulent agreement.

Adam Schaefer, an Ogemaw county farmer, was killed by a tree which he was chopping down. His family, missing him, found him pinned down by the tree.

Frank Sparks, prominent farmer, of Niles, was killed and his son badly injured when the automobile driven by Sparks was struck by an interurban at "Death crossing."

Eighty-nine positive cases of tuberculosis in the three Michigan prisons were found by Dr. R. A. Spankwer, who recently conducted a tuberculosis survey of the institutions.

C. J. Renaud has identified the body found in Lake Erie, two miles off Monroe Pier, August 2, as that of his brother, Homer C. Renaud, 19, drowned at Amherstburg, July 30.

According to Secretary Dennis E. Alward of the senate, a majority of the members of the upper house during the next session will be men who have never served in the senate.

Establishment of a school for teaching girls motherhood is provided in the will of Mrs. Lizette Merrill Palmer, widow of Senator Thomas W. Palmer, which was filed for probate in Detroit. Petitions were filed with the city clerk asking for the recall of Mayor G. A. Trueman. It is said the petition contains a sufficient number of names to bring the recall to a vote on September 4.

There are 724 automobiles in Port Huron, according to a report of the city assessor. The machines cost an average of \$500 each, a total of \$362,000. There is one machine for every 25 persons.

Lee Presley, a Cheboygan farmer, was charged with having mania for burning his clothes. The man was found wandering about clad in a simple pair of overalls, having burned the rest of his clothes.

Left handcuffed to a chair and apparently asleep, while the night watchman was telephoning information of his arrest to the sheriff at Caro, E. Johnson, who said his home is in Bay City made his escape.

Five thousand people attended Marlon's big day celebration on August 7. An aeroplane made two flights. The Marlon ball team won from Lake City. Horse races and street sports made up the day's program.

Jason E. Nichols, of Lansing, has been appointed probate judge of Ingham county by Governor Ferris to succeed Judge Henry M. Gardner, of Mason, who drowned himself as the result of his innocent connection with the Thompson inheritance tax scandal.

M. Todd, of Kalamazoo, has given to the University of Michigan some rare old medical books. One of the oldest in the collection is the first edition of Galen's works, published in Greek in 1625. There is also a copy of Tacitus, published in Rome in 1500. There are several volumes on alchemy, among them "The New Light on Alchemy" by Sandvoglius, published in 1660. Other dates in which books were presented were published are: 1561, 1527, 1788.

According to returns made to Auditor General O. B. Fuller by the county supervisors, the equalized valuation of the state this year is \$3,235,646,721, an increase of \$526,501,325 over the equalization as fixed by the supervisors in 1914.

Ed. Polkinghorne, of Calumet, one of the four deputy sheriffs sent to the Marquette prison in February, 1914, for murder in the second degree, as a result of the killing of strikers during the copper country strike, was released from the prison on parole granted by Governor Ferris.

Disgusted over the action of the threshing machine owners in raising the price of threshing, a number of Isabella county farmers will buy threshing machines of their own. Some neighborhood clubs are forming to purchase club machines.

The crowded condition of all Detroit prison institutions is helping petty offenders. The police justices are letting most of them go with a lecture, inflicting a jail sentence in extreme cases only. Scores were placed on probation by the judges during the last few weeks.

SIX MEN DROWN IN STATE WATERS

**THREE LOSE THEIR LIVES AT
THE UPPER END OF BELLE
ISLE.**

TWO OF THEM BROTHERS

Highland Park Lad Was Drowned in
the North Channel at Pointe
Aux Tremble.

Detroit—Four persons were drowned in the Detroit river Sunday, August 13. Three of the drownings happened at the temporary bathing beach at the upper end of Belle Isle established by the Park commissioner to relieve the island bath house during the recent hot spell. The fourth drowning occurred off the foot of Chene street.

The three men drowned at the head of Belle Isle are Charles Tatcha, aged 26 years, and his brother Edward, aged 23, and Chitney Lang, aged 16 years. The Tatcha brothers lived with their sister at 1555 Waterloo street, while Lang lived with his parents at 1470 Van Dyke avenue. The man drowned at the foot of Chene street was Charles Haffe, 35 years old, who lived on Fairview avenue.

The bodies of the Tatcha brothers and Lang were recovered by Harbor-master Julius Kling within a short time and efforts were made to revive them by the use of a lungmotor. The efforts were unavailing and the bodies were removed to their homes.

The three young men had gone to the island shortly after noon, and after making their way to the head of the island decided to go in for a swim. Owing to the comparatively cool weather few bathers were in the water. None of the three could swim well and apparently did not know that at the spot they went in the river bed deepens rather suddenly a short distance from shore. The three were at some distance from any other swimmers when cries for help were heard.

Several persons in rowboats attempted to reach the drowning men, but they went down close together for the last time before assistance reached them.

Haffe was rowing a boat at the foot of Chene street, and in some unexplained manner tumbled overboard, hitting his head on the side of the boat as he fell. Witnesses say his body came to the surface but once. It was recovered an hour after the drowning within a few feet of where he fell in the water.

Harry Stump, 19 years old, of Highland Park, was drowned in the North Channel at Pointe Aux Tremble, near Algoma, one hour after he had arrived for a week-end visit at the cottage of his uncle, John Schaeffer. He had gone in swimming alone, and shortly afterwards was heard calling for help. The body was recovered 45 minutes later by Emory Crocker, but could not be revived.

Cullen Wilkinson, 22 years old, of Jackson, was drowned at Clark lake, this county, when a sail boat, in which he and three other young men were riding, tipped over during a heavy wind storm.

ISAAC LEWIS GIVEN PAROLE

**Was Convicted for the Murder of
Captain John Halzapfel.**

Lansing—Gov. Ferris has paroled I. Lewis who murdered Captain John Halzapfel of the Jackson police force nine years ago. Lewis was a patrolman under Halzapfel, and becoming jealous over Halzapfel's promotion to the captaincy when he believed himself entitled to the place, he walked into the police station early one morning and opened fire on the captain while he was seated at his desk. Captain Halzapfel died almost instantly and Lewis was arrested for first degree murder. He was convicted and sentenced to Jackson prison for life. Since his imprisonment his friends have made numerous attempts to obtain his freedom on the theory that he was crazed by drink and temporarily insane. According to Secretary Austin there has been no opposition to Lewis's parole and hundreds of letters have been received urging the governor to extend executive clemency.

MICHIGAN NEWS ITEMS

A Shotgun with which the nine-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Davis living two miles northwest of Laingsburg, this county, was playing, was accidentally discharged. A terrible wound was inflicted in the lad's throat and he died almost immediately. He did not know the gun was loaded.

Ernest Schultz, 41, was electrocuted while working in a new cistern at his home in Saginaw. He had provided an electric light with an extension of wire which became crossed with metal pipes.

The little five-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Sylvester Harris, Missaukee county farmer, was instantly killed when he was run over by a wagon when his father was driving when the wheel hit a large stone. The boy fell over the side beneath the wagon, the wheels passing over his neck, killing him instantly.

Muskegon's first month of public playground activities, just completed, drew 10,000 children to the various sites according to the report of Miss Barbara F. Bailey.

The number of Michigan pensioners on the roll at the pension office at Washington, D. C., July 1, was 29,690 and the total amount paid them during the preceding year was \$6,062,430. On July 1, 1915, there were 31,302 Michigan pensioners on the roll, receiving in all \$6,893,418. Thus, the Michigan pensioners decreased 1,612 in number during the last fiscal year.

RAILROADS TO RENEW FIGHT

Will Try and Get An Increase in Passenger Fare Rates.

Lansing—Unless the interstate commerce commission intervenes in the same manner as in Illinois, it is generally conceded that the railroads will renew their fight for an increase in passenger fares at the next session of the legislature.

C. L. Glasgow of the Michigan railroad commission is amazed at the ruling of the interstate commission in the Illinois case. Despite the protests of the Illinois railroad commission and other state officials, the interstate commerce commission has declared that the present passenger rate of two cents per mile, fixed by the Illinois legislature, imposes an unlawful burden on interstate commerce. In instances where they are lower than the 2.4 basis. The interstate commission thereby disregarded the state law and boosted the passenger rate within the state of Illinois four tenths of a cent a mile.

Commissioner Glasgow and other state officials who have seen the opinion in the Illinois case point out that if this decision is sustained by the courts, it will be a death blow to state-made fares lower than the fares prescribed for interstate business.

It is claimed that there is nothing to prevent the interstate commerce commission from invading Michigan and raising the passenger rates in defiance of the two cent law and the authorities of this state.

However, those in touch with the railroad situation from the viewpoint of the state are of the opinion that the railroads will make another attempt to get a new rate bill through the legislature before appealing to the interstate commerce commission.

Unless the ruling of the interstate commerce commission is overturned in court before January 1, it is believed here that the Illinois decision will furnish the basis for the railroad attack on the present law.

STATE REALIZED \$6,912,000

The Sale of State Lands Brings Huge Sum Into the State Treasury.

Lansing—When Michigan was admitted a state provision was made that all money from the sale of state lands should be used for educational institutions, but later the legislature passed a law whereby the state could use this money providing it paid interest at the rate of six per cent. Auditor General Fuller says that since 1844 the state has realized \$6,912,000 from the sale of lands, but has paid in interest the sum of \$17,730,224. The University of Michigan has received in interest from this source \$2,020,271.43, while the Michigan Agricultural College has benefited to the extent of \$1,710,915.13. The primary school fund has received interest amounting to more than \$13,000,000. Last year the interest amounted to \$465,000.

DOCTORS MUST REPORT CASES

Are Subject to a Heavy Fine If They Do Not Obey the Law.

Lansing—Dr. John L. Burkart, secretary of the state board of health, has issued orders to every health officer in the state to place under arrest every physician in Michigan who fails to make immediate reports of suspected cases of infantile paralysis. "The doctors are negligent in reporting cases and the first intimation that this department has had of infantile paralysis in a majority of the cases is the notice that the patient is dead," said Dr. Burkart. "While we do not anticipate any serious trouble from infantile paralysis, we are determined to take no chances and inasmuch as the last legislature provided the machinery whereby physicians may be subjected to heavy fines for failure to report cases of contagious diseases, we intend to go the limit. Doctors must report cases or their arrest will follow."

ITEMS OF INTEREST

Pensacola, Fla.—The finding of a life buoy bearing the name of the Italian ship Mount Carmel washed ashore on Santa Rosa island, near here, strengthened the belief that the vessel went down in the hurricane of July 5.

New York—The Dutch steamer Oldambt, one of the smallest freighters that ever attempted the transatlantic passage, has sailed with a cargo of tobacco for Rotterdam. The Oldambt, built in 1914, is registered at 500 tons gross and is 151 feet long, with a beam of 25 feet.

Norfolk—Three sailors of the German cruisers interned here who escaped by swimming across a creek separating the German quarters from the United States marine exercising grounds, were captured by marines and will be court-martialed.

Washington—Secretary Daniels has announced that plans for the ships to be built under the pending naval bill were so far advanced that contracts for all but the battle cruisers and the ammunition ship can be advertised within a week after the measure has been signed by the president.

Washington—A plan for adjournment of congress by September 1 was worked out by senate leaders in a series of conferences of senators of both parties. Members of the Republican steering committee received the proposal favorably.

Garden City, N. Y.—Mrs. Frank C. Page, daughter-in-law of Walter Hines Page, daughter-in-law of Walter Hines Page, died of infantile paralysis at her summer home here last Saturday afternoon. She was 25 years old and had been married only two months.

SCANDINAVIAN NEWS

SUMMARY OF IMPORTANT HAPPENINGS IN FAR OFF NORTHLAND.

ITEMS FROM THE OLD HOME

Resume of the Most Important Events in Sweden, Norway and Denmark—Of Interest to the Scandinavians in America.

SWEDEN.

Prof. A. A. Stenborg of the University of Minnesota, who has just returned from a year's stay in Sweden, has the following to say on the political situation: "The holding up of the Swedish trade secrets through the mists, the blacklist, the search of passengers into the country, the limitation of trade with Germany, the demand that British officers be allowed in the country to supervise the distribution of imports—all these things and many more, have served to fan the dislike of England. The Swedes thoroughly admire the French. They rather fear Russia. The fear and anger in Sweden following the fortifying of the Åland islands by Russia has died down. The danger of Sweden's participation in the war against Russia has likewise decreased. But the question has not died. Russia fortified the islands in violation of an old agreement with Sweden. She did so on the grounds of expediency in the war. With the islands armed, she can absolutely prevent the movement of Swedish ships in the upper Baltic. After the war, Sweden understands that Russia will demolish the fortifications. But Russia has not said that she will. This situation may mean big trouble in the future. As between victory for the allies and a German triumph, Swedes would prefer the latter. Victory for the allies would mean Russian expansion. It will mean a hard trade war with England, and the struggle against ambitious British commercial dominance."

Although Sweden is largely pro-German in the war, there is much pro-ally sentiment here. The anti-English feeling is more solid. Norway is rather pro-ally. The great increase in Swedish imports from America is pointed to as proof by England that Sweden is carrying on a great trade with Germany. This is not a true deduction. Sweden is selling to Russia as well as Germany. Moreover, much of the importing is for home consumption and is of goods that were formerly obtained in the warring countries. However, it is true that there is considerable trade with Germany. German can be heard almost any time on the streets of Stockholm. This is nearly true of Russian, however, and in a measure French. Stockholm has become the meeting place of the peoples, governments and merchants of the world. It is estimated that there are from 10,000 to 40,000 visitors there all the time. The German merchant boats come in fleets of six or so and are escorted to the Swedish territory by German torpedo boats and cruisers. Sweden, similar to America, is enjoying commercial prosperity through the war. However, this prosperity is sound and was a fact before the war, and would have been great had there been no war. Sweden is having a great industrial development. The engineer is the man of the hour now. This prosperity is not augmented by munition manufacture profits. Sweden put the ban on munition exports at the beginning. It cannot understand America's neutrality, which has allowed munition factories to spring up all over the country. Nor does Sweden understand why the United States does not protest against the blockade which so greatly interferes with the mails. Sweden is disappointed in the United States on this stand."

K. O. Bonnier, a noted Stockholm publisher, donated \$5,000 to the pension fund of his employees on the occasion of his sixtieth birthday.

About 3,000 young people held a patriotic and religious meeting at Hagia on Midsummer day. The main speaker was Prof. A. A. Stenborg of the University of Minnesota.

The estate of the late Premier Karl Stauff has been valued at about \$50,000.

The forestry department has announced that the government forests will yield about 120,000 cords of wood this year.

Smaland expects to get a big crop of lingon berries this year.

Rev. Jonas Arbin of Döderhult has served as a minister of the church of Sweden for a period of fifty years.

President Wilson asked Swedish Premier Hammarskjöld to be the fifth commissioner under the Bryan peace treaty with China. One commissioner remains to be chosen.

The combined income and property taxes of Stockholm are \$1,500,000 higher this year than last year. The total for this year is about \$5,600,000.

In Dalarna a cord of birchwood brings as much as \$9, a price which people never dreamed of a few years ago.

An extension course of lectures instilling a whole week was given to five hundred attendants at Falun. Two sacred concerts were a part of the program.

The Nordstjernan Shipping company has asked the government for a loan of \$200,000 as an aid in procuring new ships. The company has under construction six motor vessels of 5,600 tons each and three of 9,200 tons each. A total cost of about \$8,000,000. The ships are going to ply between Sweden and Brazil.

DENMARK.

Denmark, Norway and Sweden have decided to protest against the British order in council of July 7, discontinuing the partial enforcement of the declaration of London, says the Overseas News agency, these countries considering the new British rules of sea law to be at variance with the principles of international law.

King Christian of Denmark had a narrow escape from drowning July 28 through the capsizing of a boat which he was sailing near Aarhus. The king went out alone in a small sailboat and a sudden puff of wind capsized the craft, throwing the king into the water. The king immediately swam to the overturned craft, pulled himself up on it and sat astride the keel, where his plight was observed from the shore. Boats immediately hastened to the king's assistance and rescued him.

The first temperance society of Greenland has just been started. Its members are public officials and their subordinates. Its president is Johan Chemnitz, who is at the head of the schools of the colony.

Rasmus Jensen of Bred has fallen as a Canadian volunteer in Belgium. His father is still living in Denmark. Rasmus emigrated while a boy, and at the beginning of the war he had a big farm in Canada. He had taken part in many engagements and had advanced to the position of corporal.

The farmers' union at Nysted asks the young men of the neighborhood to pass judgment on the animals at the cattle shows, and those who come nearest to the markings of the judges of awards receive prizes for their efforts. The idea is to encourage the young men to pay close attention to the stock.

Two passengers who had never met before entered a conversation on a fjord steamer this summer. One of them was a Norwegian who had been in America a few years, the other a native who could not boast of having been outside of his country. The Norwegian-American felt safe, and began to tell great stories from the far West. Speaking of American doctors, he told that they could easily take the eyeballs out of blind people, clean them and put them back again, and in this way the patient was enabled to see like other people. The other man had to admit that this was a wonderful piece of work. But he added: "I think, however, that Doctor Cappelen can beat that. He can cut off the ears of people and put them further back."

"But what good does that do?" asked the Norwegian-American. "Well, you see, so many people come from America who are inclined to brag, and they sometimes get so big-mouthed that their ears are in the way, and so they must be put further back." Some way the conversation was not continued.

In the midst of our summer heat it gives at least mental relief to read something like the following bit of information, which was dated Tretten, Norway, June 20: "Night before Monday so much snow fell in the mountains that no one has seen the like of it this time of the year. All day yesterday the snow covered the settlement, and the fields were white near or distant. Many inches of snow fell in the mountains. Some men were to take a bunch of young horses to their mountain pastures yesterday, but they had to return, the snowstorm striking them as in mid-winter. Hay had to be hauled from the settlement in the valley to the mountain pastures, the trip taking as much as five hours. Nothing like this ever happened before. In some places leaves sprinkled with flour had to be given to the stock, where no hay could be had. Today it is said that the cattle must be taken home again if the weather does not improve."

The Wilson line steamer Eskimo has been captured by a German auxiliary cruiser, according to Reuter's Christianand correspondent. "The seizure," says the correspondent, occurred in Norwegian territorial waters, according to the crew of a Norwegian guardship, while the Germans claim that the vessel was five miles from land." The Eskimo is a vessel of 3,320 tons and was last reported as having arrived at Hull, June 26, on a voyage from Christiania.

The Young People's Christian association of Norway, consists of 341 local societies and has a total membership of 43,963. There are 31 salaried officers, and 13,655 meetings were held last year. The receipts were \$50,000 for the past year. There are 149 societies who have buildings of their own.

At the Skile farmstead, Rakkestad, a very interesting tomb was found at a depth of three feet. It consisted of a chamber built of stone and containing an urn in which were remains of bones.

A committee representing the churches of Christiania has bought a farm at Degerud, which is to be used as a home for convalescents. There is 25 acres of land, part of which is covered with timber and an orchard. There is over one thousand feet of sea-shore.

Anticlers Insured Their Crops.

The rural Indians of Peru still believe in "paying the Incas," for fear that their crops will fall if the ancient observances are neglected. Burnt offerings of drugs and aromatic plants are still made and small images are buried in the fields for the benefit of the crops and the herds. Such are the stone carvings, called mullu or piedad de Chavacana, that are still sold in the native market of La Paz, Bolivia.—National Geographic Magazine.

ALLIES GAIN MORE GROUND

**FRENCH MADE A GAIN OF OVER
A MILE IN THEIR DRIVE
ALONG SOMME.**

BRITISH NEAR MARTINPUICH

Russians Continue Their Drive Toward Lemberg and Report the Capture of Several Towns.

London—The Anglo-French forward movement on the 15-mile front from Thiepval to the Somme river, in which the French made a gain of more than a mile, and the British smashed their way closer to the Martinpuich ridge across the Bazentin le Petit plateau, was the outstanding feature of the war news on the western front. In Galicia, the Russians continue their drive toward Lemberg, capturing several towns and bringing the two southern gates of the Galician capital, Halez and Brezeny, under range of their guns.

In the Isonzo sector, the Italians are continuing their drive and have taken several fortified positions from the Austrians. More than 2,000 prisoners were taken in the fighting. More than 15,000 prisoners have been taken by the Italians since their forward movement began. In the same period Vienna reports the capture of 5,000 Italians.

To the south, near Monfalcone, two nights have been carried, while east of Gorizia an advance is reported by the Roma war office.

The French advance was registered after a series of violent counter attacks against the positions conquered. The Germans were active in their efforts to win back the lost ground reaching a climax in a powerful assault, delivered from the direction of Cambles on the positions held by the French in the outskirts of Maurepas. This attack, like the others, failed. The Teutons were no more successful in attacks against the British south-east of Guillemont, while north of Pozieres, a contemplated blow was forestalled by a British aeroplane which reported the concentration of large forces behind the Mounaret farm, enabling the British artillery to take these battalions under a heavy fire and putting them to flight.

ALL GUARDS ORDERED OUT

Call Is Made for National Guardsmen to the Border.

Washington—Practically the entire national guard of the United States will be encamped on the Mexican border within a short time, as a result of orders issued to military department commanders to send all troops in the state mobilization camps as soon as practicable.

Figures obtained from reliable sources indicate that when the present movement to the border is completed, there will be between 175,000 and 200,000 men, regulars and guardsmen, on the border and in Mexico.

There are now 48,000 regulars along the border and in Mexico. The national guard forces in the southwest, according to war department figures, aggregate 102,000 men. The number of national guardsmen who will go as a result of the new order is estimated at between 40,000 and 50,000.

TELEGRAPH FLASHES

Historic Crimes and Mysteries

By Walt Mason

LACENAIRE.

On December 14, 1834, a gentleman of distinguished appearance walked briskly along a quiet street near the Chopinette barrier, in Paris.

This pedestrian, who looked distinguished even under the handicap of threadbare garments, was about thirty-five years old. He was rather small of stature, but carried himself proudly. His face was refined and intellectual—the face of a poet and a dreamer. Indeed, at that hour all Paris was whispering and singing one of his songs, "The Life and the Drum."

He had the hands and hair of an artist, and the joyous carefree laugh of a boy. It was a good thing to hear Lacenaire laugh.

Behind Lacenaire there walked a man of vulgar appearance. His name was Avril. He was quite young, not more than twenty-two, and he had been so unfortunate as a criminal that Lacenaire was sorry for him, and was determined to give him a chance to do better work.

Presently they stopped before a dwelling of prosperous appearance.

"This is the place," said Lacenaire. "Do you remember my instructions quite clearly? Yes? Then allons vite!"

The poet rang the doorbell, and the door was opened by a young man.

"Ah, my dear Chardon," cried Lacenaire. "We have come to see your moth-

known better than to eat oranges before committing a crime. Or, if he couldn't get along without oranges, he should have realized that it was bad to drop the peel on the floor of a business man's office.

At the appointed hour the bank messenger arrived at the office with his little bag bulging with money, and, fascinated, Lacenaire, the smiling, the fascinating, asked him to send himself at the table and examine certain papers. The messenger did so, and while the poet engaged him in conversation, and held his whole attention, Francois came up behind, dagger in hand, to stab him to the heart. Francois, who had studied murder under the old masters, knew how to reach the heart from any angle or position. This looked like an easy and sure job! But, maledictions on the orange peel! His foot slipped just as he delivered the blow. The messenger was stabbed, but not mortally, or even seriously. With a yell of terror he leaped for the door and reached it first, and ran down the stairs yelling murder. Francois also sped away, and Lacenaire followed close at the messenger's heels, also yelling murder, thus diverting suspicion until he reached the street and was lost in the crowd.

He felt that Paris was no place for him just then, so he departed for the provinces, where for a long time he lived opulently. He wrote much poetry at this time, and it was good poetry, which sold readily; but he was too wise to depend upon the muse for a living, so, when not embarking things in song he devoted his genius to forgery, and with great success. When he returned to Paris he was attired in purple and fine linen, and was a credit to the boulevards.

Meanwhile Francois had been arrested on some trifling charge, and Avril still was in jail. The crimes in which they had been concerned were complete mysteries to the police, and it seemed that they would always remain so, when Francois dropped a few words which made the police suspicious, and they drew from him the story of the attack upon the bank messenger. Avril's conscience became active about the same time, and he told of the Chardon murders. So it came to pass that the poet was arrested, and when he learned that the discovery was due to his accomplices, he made full confession, his only object, he said, being to take the betrayers to the guillotine with him.

The trial was a famous one. The most celebrated people of France crowded to the courtroom to see the

statement of his love, "For God so loved the world." Note the sweep of the word world; not in this place, does it mean the universe; but mankind, and by it all are included. Nowhere is there such a love as this, a love which loves the lovable. We love those who have that in them which draws our love. God, on the other hand, "commendeth his love toward us in that while we were yet sinners Christ died for us."

Note the intensity of the statement of his love, "so loved the world." It's a little word, but what an emphatic one. It is a word of degree, expressing the measure of his love and should not be hastily passed over. "So" puts the warmth into the statement; "so" expresses the fire that burns in love, and to you and to me, who are unworthy of God's love, it has a wealth of meaning. How the statement should warm our hearts! Who is there who will not respond in love to God who first loved us?

Love's Sacrifice.

But more to us than this statement, is the expression of God's love, "that he gave his only begotten son." Love is not measured by words, but by deeds. It is not what one says, but what one does that proves his love. Calvary is the great expression of the love of God for the world. There God was in Christ, reconciling the world to himself; there God broke his heart for a lost world. What matchless love! Angels and cherubim stand before it amazed, while a world wrecked by sin is stolidly indifferent. What a message Calvary voices! No condemnation, save for him who deserved it; no upbraiding of a sinful world; just the expression of God's love in an act of grace which cared for the sin of the world.

Love's Purpose.

We have here as well the purpose of God's love, "that whosoever believeth in him should not perish but have everlasting life." The statement and the expression of God's love find their consummation in the purpose, the salvation of the lost. But the salvation of the lost is not universal, as we shall see, for it is "whosoever believeth shall not perish but have everlasting life." That word, "whosoever," makes the matter personal. It tells us that God, having done his part, now leaves it to us to do ours. He does not coerce or force us; he says, "whosoever believeth shall not perish." While the word "whosoever" individualizes salvation, it makes a wide open door for all. For who is shut out, since "whosoever" will may come? It is a matter, then, of our own choice. We may or may not believe as we please, and accordingly we shall be saved or lost.

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How easily the purpose of God is realized, so far as man is concerned, if only we choose to come. No difficult task is put before us, no impossible requirement, simply believing in Christ. And this means more than having an intellectual faith or a general religious belief; it means committing one's life to him; trusting him and him only to save. So easy, yet so hard for some to do, because it is the surrendering of one's self absolutely to Christ that he may save. "I know," says the apostle, "whom I have believed, and am persuaded that he is able to keep that which I have committed unto him against that day." This anyone can say who really trusts Christ to save, for "he shall not perish but have everlasting life."

Why not, as you read this, trust Christ to save you? It is so easy to rely upon him. An old lady sat in a railroad train bound for Bay City, Mich. She had not traveled much and was afraid she was not on the right train. Nervously she arose and spoke to the woman in front of her: "Is this the train for Bay City, Michigan?" "Yes, madam," the woman replied. But the old lady was not satisfied. Perhaps the woman was mistaken. A man was reading his paper across the aisle. "Pardon me," she said, addressing the gentleman, "is this the train for Bay City, Michigan?" "Yes, madam," he replied without looking up. She returned to her seat still not certain, for men sometimes are mistaken. Just then, down the aisle came the conductor of the train. "He will know," the old lady said to herself, "I'll ask him." "Pardon me, sir, is this the train for Bay City, Michigan?" "Yes, madam," the conductor replied, as he passed on. She heaved a sigh of relief, as she sank back into her seat and, putting her face against the window pane felt fast asleep. What had she done? Taken the conductor at his word. He was a man with authority and she trusted him. Christ speaks to you, my friend, he is one with authority and knows whereof he speaks. Why not, just as the old lady trusted the conductor, sweetly trust him and have life and peace?

Another Way to Rejuvenate Eggs.

A Maryland man has found a means of preserving eggs with a substance known as "liquid petrolatum," which he claims will rapidly penetrate eggs, when applied externally, and make them proof against moisture or bacteria. The preserving substance is a mixture of hydro-carbons. When properly treated, eggs can be preserved under a normal temperature for many weeks without deteriorating.—Popular Science Monthly.

Boxes From Waste Newspapers.

Waste newspapers are used almost exclusively in the manufacture of the cardboard or pasteboard which goes to form the pasteboard box in which dressmakers, shoemakers and department stores generally deliver dresses, suits, shoes, etc., and one of the largest factories in the United States for the manufacture of this kind of cardboard is located just outside of Philadelphia on the Schuylkill river at Manayunk.

Cheese for the Multitude.

Wisconsin sends out a trainload of cheese every day of the year.

Greatest Love Story in World

By Rev. Wm. Wallace Ketchum
Director of the Practical Work Course,
Moody Bible Institute of Chicago

TEXT—For God so loved the world that he gave his only begotten son that whosoever believeth in him should not perish but have everlasting life.—John 3:16.

What would you think if God should write across the sky in flaming letters of fire the statement of his love for the world, would you believe it? Well, he has not written it there, but he has written it large in the Bible which is the story of his love. Of course the Bible tells us other things; but above all, it tells us this, and nowhere better than in John 3:16.

Love's Message.

There, we read the statement of his love, "For God so loved the world." Note the sweep of the word world; not in this place, does it mean the universe; but mankind, and by it all are included. Nowhere is there such a love as this, a love which loves the lovable. We love those who have that in them which draws our love. God, on the other hand, "commendeth his love toward us in that while we were yet sinners Christ died for us."

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In Woman's Realm

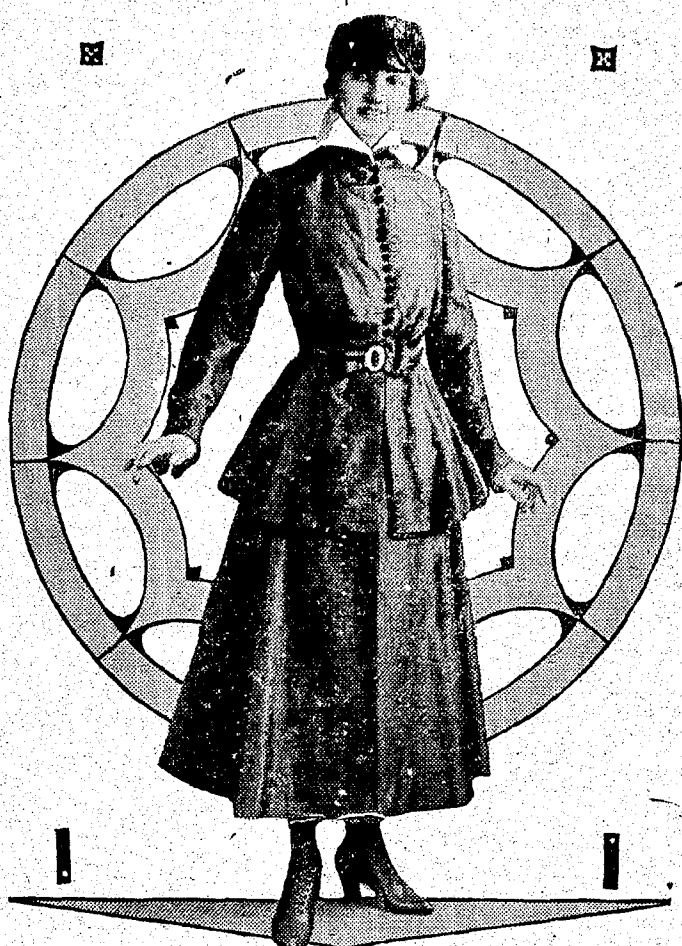
Taffeta Suit, Easily One of the Best of the Season's Productions, Is the One Displayed—Outfit That Will Deserve the Attention of the College Girl.

By daring to be perfectly plain, but otherwise not going contrary to prevailing fashions, the taffeta suit shown may make claim to noteworthy originality. It is a between-seasons affair, which will prove a safe investment for the young women who must make an early selection. It is a happy choice for the miss who is still in school, and whose youthfulness needs no turbulences.

So severe a model is a rarity in silk and this one is too plain to need description. The fullness of the skirt is shirred into a short yoke at the sides

shown in the picture. Most of these are of velvet over rather pliable shapes, but a hat of satin, hatter's plush or other fabric lends variety to the showings.

Wide-brimmed sailors, big tams and hats with irregular brims appear along with smaller shapes. The illustration shows a turban of satin, trimmed with an acorn and leaves made of velvet applied against the front brim and crown. At the center of the group, a mushroom, covered with black velvet is brightened by a wide border of colored velvet and a wreath of small



SILK SUIT AT ITS BEST.

and back, and it fastens at the left front. The body of the coat could not be cut on simpler lines, and it hangs straight from the shoulder. It is joined to the peplum under a soft crushed belt of the taffeta, fastening at the front with a prim bow and buckle. Round velvet-covered buttons and small silk cord loops take care of the front fastening.

The sleeves are long and flare a little at the band, where they are slashed into rounded points. A soft collar of pique is worn inside the rolling collar of silk.

As to the silk suit for street or other wear, it is one of the most satisfactory possessions. Women who know how to do decorative needlework can buy plain suits and embellish them with embroideries that place them in the class of exclusive designs. By the addition of other trimmings and fashion features the plain suit may be converted into an expression of individual taste, as the season grows older.

Before the cool breezes of September have begun to sigh with the passing of summer, the college girl must

metallic blossoms set in velvet leaves. There is a flat band of narrow grosgrain ribbon about the top crown finished with a little bow at the back.

An all-black velvet hat, at the right, is one of the smartest of tailored patterns. It has a collar of grosgrain ribbon, and a fan of velvet, finished with little ruffles of ribbon, is perched on the upturned brim.

Substantial Lettering.

Has it occurred to you what attractive letters substantial tapes or braids of almost any kind will make on house-hold linens? This is really as easy a way of marking as any. It is necessary, of course, first to mark off your letters; a script is usually best for handwork, and the marking can be done with a stout card upon which the letter has been drawn and the outline perforated with pins. This card will last for many stampings with a soft lead pencil through the perforations.

Cotton soute, very fine rickrack, coronation, cotton rat-tail or any braid may be worked into these letters. The heavier braids, of course, should be re-



OUTFIT FOR THE COLLEGE GIRL.

betthink her of her outfitting for school. Her street suit and blouses for daily wear and a tailored hat for fall must be selected in advance of the real opening of the new season. But the creators of style have already launched the things that she will need, and in millinery especially there is an abundance of felt and velvet hats made for her exclusive benefit.

Plain, bright-colored felts and velours, trimmed with bands of ribbon or simple ornaments, or with flat decorations of embroidery are sure of their welcome already. They are nearly all brimmed hats with comfortable crowns, and many of them are made in two-toned designs, that is, the under brim is in a contrasting color. Besides the pressed hats there are the "made" or tailored hats like those

served for Turkish towels and heavier linen. If using a braid which has a decided edge, like rickrack, turn the braid in following the loops, so that the edge points outward from the letter always.

Newest Smock.

Made of heavy blue cotton crepe with a shallow collar and snug protective wristbands is the smock of the moment. It reaches the skirt hem and as far as looks is concerned there is no need of a skirt beneath. It may serve as an overall and keep a dainty dress from garden stains and kitchen grime, for the bottom of the hem is sewn together, leaving slots for the feet to go through, producing thus a sort of bloomer.

Chiffon Kerchiefs.

Chiffon handkerchiefs, in delicate colors to match the gown, belt, hat or bag are round with frills of net or real lace.

the sun for 20 minutes. This will restore the color and natural firmness. Black lace may be washed clean, then dipped into a little carefully made and strained coffee, which will restore its color and stiffness, but the lace must be well aired after so doing.—New York Tribune.

SIMPLE AND PRETTY

DESIGN FOR WAIST THAT WILL BE FOUND EASY TO MAKE.

If Elaboration Is Desired, All-Over Embroidery for the Cape Collar and Cuffs May Be Utilized—Suitable Fabrics to Be Used.

A woman of the writer's acquaintance says that for a certain period, at this season of the year, it is her daily habit to cut out and make a shirt waist before breakfast. This she continues to do until she has about two dozen waists of the simpler sort. On the finer waists she applies designs of embroidery, or lets in a bit of lace to enrich the upper part of the garment.

Some women may not believe that a waist can be made before breakfast, but let the doubter study the accompanying design and she will probably realize how quickly it may be cut out and stitched up. The first waist will require a fitting, of course, but the others will not—and the fitting necessary for this design is practically confined to the arrangement of the collar over the back. As will be noted, it does not fit in front.

To make an elaborate waist quickly, one can use all-over embroidery for the cape collar and for the cuffs. For trimming on the edge a frill of narrow embroidery may be used, or one of plain material with a scalloped edge.

When the waist is constructed of sheer material, plain net will make a charming frill for the collar and sleeves. In any event, an edge that displays a lace effect or the finish of embroidery is always more decorative than any other.

Besides the usual silk materials with which every woman is familiar beautiful fabrics are to be found among linens and cottons. One of these, a sheer cross-barred cotton, makes a lovely blouse, and the same quality of goods appears also with embroidered figures over the surface. For sports



Pretty Waist.

waists there are a number of fine ginghams in contrasting stripes of soft colors. These ginghams are much affected by fashionable tailors. A still less expensive material is cotton crepe, which comes in every color and in both plain and fancy styles.—Washington Star.

Shades of 1830.

A quaint dress of brown satin attracted much notice on Fifth avenue a few days ago. The skirt was ruffled to the hips with scant bias frills two inches wide. The front was slit to the waist and ripped back over a white organdie petticoat, trimmed with innumerable rows of ruffled black moire ribbon. The coat waist was short and tight fitting and fastened in the front by two frogs of gold braid.

Bands of Colored Glass Beads.

Bands of colored glass beads form the shoulder straps of many dainty evening frocks. One of pink tulle and taffeta and silver lace shows wide bands formed of strands of pink glass beads.

Child's Frocks.

Natural colored pongs trimmed with brown wash silk is an excellent combination for a child's frock.

Rat bounties have cost Lewance county \$1,539.35 in the year during which the law paying bounties on dead rats has been in effect. The total number of bounty rats was 37,187. The busiest month for rat bounties was April.

Residents of the little lumber town of Culver have their goods packed ready to flee should forest fires, which are raging from Dutch John's bridge to the edge of the village attack their homes.

What Is Yours?

Never wish for more than you could wear, for only what you use is really yours.

GRANDMA NEVER LET HER HAIR GET GRAY

She Kept Her Locks Dark and Glossy, with Sage Tea and Sulphur.

When you darken your hair with Sage Tea and Sulphur, no one can tell, because it's done so naturally, so evenly. Preparing this mixture, though, at home is messy and troublesome. For 50 cents you can buy at any drug store the ready-to-use preparation, improved by the addition of other ingredients, called "Wych's Sage and Sulphur Compound." You just dampen a sponge or soft brush with it and draw this through your hair, taking one small strand at a time. By morning all gray hair disappears, and, after another application or two, your hair becomes beautifully darkened, glossy and luxuriant.

Gray, faded hair, though no disgrace, is a sign of old age, and as we all desire a youthful and attractive appearance, get busy at once with Wych's Sage and Sulphur Compound and look years younger. This ready-to-use preparation is a delightful toilet requisite and not a medicine. It is not intended for the cure, mitigation or prevention of disease.

DRINK MORE WATER IF KIDNEYS BOTHER

Eat less meat and take Salts for Backache or Bladder trouble—Neutralizes acids.

Uric acid in most excites the kidneys, they become overworked; get sluggish, ache, and feel like lumps of lead. The urine becomes cloudy; the bladder is irritated, and you may be obliged to seek relief two or three times during the night. When the kidneys clog you must help them flush off the body's urinous waste or you'll be a real sick person shortly. At first you feel a dull misery in the kidney region, you suffer from backache, sick headache, dizziness, stomach gets sour, tongue coated and you feel rheumatic twinges when the weather is bad.

Eat less meat, drink lots of water, also get from your pharmacist four ounces of Jad Salts; take a tablespoonful in a glass of water before breakfast for a few days and your kidneys will then act fine. This famous salt is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithine, and has been used for generations to cleanse clogged kidneys and stimulate them to normal activity; also to neutralize the acids in urine, so it is no longer a source of irritation, thus ending bladder weakness.

Jad Salts is inexpensive, cannot injure; makes a delightful effervescent lithia-water drink which everyone should take now and then to keep the kidneys clean and active. Druggists here say they sell lots of Jad Salts to folks who believe in overcoming kidney trouble while it is only trouble.

Those of us who are accustomed to feel hot and heavy when we arise, splitting headache, stuffy from a cold, flat tongue, nasty breath, acid stomach, lame back, can, instead, both look and feel as fresh as a daisy always by washing the poisons and toxins from the body with phosphated hot water each morning.

We should drink, before breakfast, a glass of real hot water with a teaspoonful of limestone phosphate in it to flush from the stomach, liver, kidneys and ten years of poisons the previous day's indigestible waste, sour bile and poisonous toxins; thus cleansing, sweetening and purifying the entire alimentary tract before putting more food into the stomach.

The action of limestone phosphate and hot water on an empty stomach is wonderfully invigorating. It cleans out all the sour fermentations, gases, waste and acidity and gives one a splendid appetite for breakfast and it is said to be but a little while until the roses begin to appear in the cheeks. A quarter pound of limestone phosphate will cost very little at the drug store, but is sufficient to make anyone who is bothered with biliousness, constipation, stomach trouble or rheumatism a real enthusiast on the subject of internal sanitation. Try it and you are assured that you will look better and feel better in every way shortly.

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Crawford Avalanche

O. P. Schumann, Editor and Proprietor.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES: One Year, \$1.50; Six Months, .75; Three Months, .40. Entered as second-class matter at the Postoffice at Grayling, Mich., under the Act of Congress of March 3, 1879.

GRAYLING, THURSDAY, AUG. 17

Local News

Try a package of Dr. Navaun's Kidney tablets. For sale at the A. M. Lewis drug store.

Mrs. John McClellan and children of Bay City are visiting her sister, Mrs. Daniel Hoesli and family for a few weeks.

Frank Mack and wife, who recently moved here from Gaylord, are now occupying the J. W. Overton house on McClellan street.

Miss Metha Hatch of Hillsdale, spent last week here, resorting at the Danish landing. She returned to Hillsdale, Tuesday night.

Mrs. Perkins of Bay City visited Dr. Perkins here over last Sunday. Dr. Perkins is with the Ambulance Corps at Camp Ferris.

Ted Haskill, mail orderly of the 33rd Infantry at Camp Ferris, returned this morning from a few days visit at his home near Detroit.

Marshall Holliday has been spending the past couple of weeks, visiting friends and relatives in Saginaw and Flint, visiting Russel Manney at the latter city.

Miles M. Callahan of Reed City, candidate for State Senator in this district, was in the city Monday and Tuesday hustling for votes. While here he called on a great many persons and before leaving left a number of hunters to work during the remainder of the campaign for his interests.

Sheriff Wm. B. Cody, Alfred Olson, C. M. Hewitt, David Montour, L. M. Edwards and Al. Cramer, left at 6:00 o'clock Sunday morning by boat for the mouth of the South Branch river, where they will spend the week camping and fishing. Ambrose McClellan and John Larson drove down Monday joining the party. They expect to land a few "big" rainbows before they return.

Elmer L. Batterson, who has been the very efficient and accommodating agent at the M. C. R. R. depot here for over three years past, has resigned his position with the railroad and accepted a more lucrative position with the Kneeland-Bigelow Co., as book-keeper in their offices at Bigelow. —Lewiston Journal. Mr. Batterson is the son of Judge Batterson and formerly resided here before moving to Lewiston.

Niels Jensen of Tyler, Minnesota, is visiting his niece, Mrs. Chris Hanson. Mrs. Paul Hendrie spent the fore part of the week in Bay City on business.

Mrs. Birchard, of Grand Rapids, is visiting her sister, Mrs. J. H. Lamb this week.

Earl Kidd is a new assistant at the Royal Cafe, commencing his duties last Monday morning.

Lorraine Sparks arrived this morning from Galesburg, Illinois, to visit his mother, Mrs. Tillie Sparks.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Anstett, are entertaining the former's sister, Miss Olive Anstett of Detroit. She arrived Monday.

Roderick Cameron of Houghton has been a guest for the past week of his sister, Mrs. Charles O. McCullough and family.

Mr. and Mrs. Harvey Wheeler are entertaining the former's sister, Mrs. Grover Ball of Spencer, Mich., who arrived Saturday.

Mrs. Daniel McGinley of Pittsburg, Pa., and Mrs. Daniel Ackerman of Canton, Ohio, arrived Tuesday, and are visiting their brother, Thomas Reagan and family.

Miss Myrtle Reagan is spending a part of the week here, the guest of friends, enroute from Bay View, where she has been spending several weeks, at her home in Crosswell.

B. F. Sherman, while hunting his cows in the choppings near James Knibbs camp in Maple Forest, August 8th, lost a gold watch and chain that his sister gave him, which had belonged to her husband, who died last fall. After getting the cows he started for home and wanted to see what time it was and was surprised not to find the watch. He retraced his tracks but did not find the watch. He with three others looked all the next day, but failed to find it.

Anthony Trudeau of Boyne City, arrived in the city Saturday to take possession of the DeWaele & Son grocery as proprietor. That night, assisted by Charles DeWaele an inventory was taken of the stock and turned over to the new proprietor. Mr. Trudeau seems an enterprising and hustling fellow and no doubt with such hustling ability will continue the excellent business that this store has maintained in the past. He lost no time in getting acquainted with the local merchants and already has assumed the Grayling spirit of hustling. He claims that he will run an up-to-date store and that everything will be delivered in a clean and sanitary condition and that he will carry such stock as a first class store should carry. That he is a booster is certain for already he has voluntarily made application for membership in the Grayling Board of trade. He will be assisted in the store by two sons. The family will move into the house occupied by Mr. and Mrs. DeWaele. The Avalanche speaks the will of the public, we believe, in welcoming Mr. Trudeau and family to our city.

Shirlaw Dyer of Detroit is spending the week here visiting relatives and friends.

Miss Nellie Shanahan is spending a couple of days at Arbutus beach on Osego lake.

Miss Flavia Robertson of Chicago, is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. George Robertson.

At the regular meeting of Masonic lodge Thursday night of last week, John J. Niederer, county clerk, was regularly initiated into the third degree. The occasion called out a large attendance among whom were a large delegation of guards from Camp Ferris. The master of the lodge, Frank B. Freeland, in courtesy to the visiting guests, invited Lieutenant McAfee of Ambulance company No. 1, to preside as master and to fill the other stations from among the visitors. Floyd Taylor and Lieut. John J. Buck, also both of Ambulance Co. No. 1 acted as senior and junior wardens respectively. Capt. Robt. Baskerville, of the same company, acted as senior deacon. The stewards were Corp. Warren Rutledge of the Signal corps and Sergt. Roy Berworth of Troop B. It was a most excellent meeting and the initiatory work and lectures most admirably performed. After the lodge closed, those present retired to the banquet rooms and enjoyed luncheon and smoker, and listened to several enjoyable talks. During the latter period, on behalf of the visiting guards, Capt. Baskerville most beautifully presented Mr. Niederer with a Masonic pin. It was a nice compliment and one that was most gracefully received, except that "J. J." was for once completely stumped, words utterly failing him. It was a meeting that will long be remembered.

Jay Lohnes Died at Home of Daughter.

Mr. Jay Lohnes, father of Mrs. Frank Woods of Peninsular avenue, died at the home of his daughter at about 2:00 o'clock Tuesday morning, from paralysis.

Mr. Lohnes came here for a visit about two weeks ago and had been feeling in good health up to the day before. His home was in Bay City, where his remains were taken for burial this morning.

Funeral services were held at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Woods, early yesterday morning, Rev. Mitchell officiating.

Mr. Lohnes had followed the occupation of contracting and the moving of buildings. Many large moving jobs in Bay City were handled by Mr. Lohnes, among them being the Forest City House on Washington Ave. He was an expert in this line, and his services were in great demand.

He leaves three daughters. Mrs. Woods, wife of Frank Woods, engineer at the Salling, Hanson company mill; Mrs. Fred C. Lattar, Wittenmore, Mich.; and Mrs. James B. Fitzgerald, Bay City, besides seven grand children. He was 75 years of age.

Lovells.

Margaret Husted of West Branch spent a few days visiting her sisters, Mrs. Douglas and Mrs. Stillwagon.

Mrs. McLaughlin and children of Lansing and Mrs. Griswold and children of Bay City, returned home last week after a pleasant visit with relatives in Lovells.

Mr. and Mrs. Butler of Lansing are visiting the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Caid. Mrs. Butler was formerly Miss Virgil Caid.

Mrs. Bell Toun returned to Bay City Tuesday, after enjoying a visit with her brother, Ben Boutell and family.

George Leykauf is at his cabin, arriving Saturday from Detroit.

A goodly number of guests are registered at both the North Branch Outing club and the Underhill club.

Miss Matilda Foley visited friends in Lovells, Saturday and Sunday on her way home from Ypsilanti. Miss Foley states she has had both a pleasant and profitable summer trip.

Mrs. A. J. Peersall of Johannesburg visited her husband and other relatives a number of days this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Carl Lyntz enjoyed a visit last week from his brother, Ray, who was on his way to Flint, expecting employment. Mrs. Ray Lyntz will visit here for a while before joining her husband in Flint.

Mr. and Mrs. Ina Johnson and children were Gaylord callers last week. Mr. Johnson's mother from Vanderbilt and sister from Winnipeg, Ont., came home with them paying a short visit.

Mrs. W. E. Husted of West Branch is visiting relatives in Lovells.

T. E. Douglas was in Detroit last week on business.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Eschman and young son of Detroit are spending their summer vacation at the Eschman cottage.

T. Waliking and party from Pinconning, who have been occupying the Underhill cottage, returned to their homes Monday.

Mrs. Charles Eschman, Sr. received a sting on her right arm which has caused her considerable trouble. Dr. Insley is caring for it and states blood poison had started in her arm. It is much better at present.

Charles Lee cut his hand a few weeks ago in the mill and as it grew worse he went to Dr. Knapp of Gaylord, who is regularly caring for the wound. While at Gaylord Monday a message was received from Mrs. Lee, who has been in Coral for a number of months caring for her father, announcing her father's death. Mr. Lee left that night to attend the funeral.

A large crowd enjoyed the dance at the pavilion Saturday night. Music was furnished by Mr. Eschman and son of Detroit, and it was needless to say was certainly fine. Mr. Eschman is sure fine at the piano and his son a wonder with the violin. Everyone is anxious to know when we can have another one.

Ray Owens visited relatives in Grayling over Sunday.

WANTS

Advertisements will be accepted under this heading at the rate of 5 cents per line. No adv. taken for less than 15 cents. There are about six words to the line. SEND MONEY WITH THE ORDER.

LOST OR STOLEN—A Rockford, 17 jewel, 18 size gold watch, hunting case. Initialed J. D. B. Liberal reward if left at Avalanche office. 8-17-3

FOUND—Near the red bridge, a K. of E. lodge pin. Finder may have same, by calling at this office and paying for this ad.

FOR SALE—Eight room house and lot on McClellan St. Second house south of Mercy hospital. Would take part down at the monthly payments, or would make discount for cash. For terms apply, Mrs. James Overton, 1531 Fair St., Flint, Mich. 8-17-4

WANTED—Two or three rooms furnished for light house-keeping. Also, places for boys and girls to work for board while attending school. A. A. Ellsworth. 17-2

FOR SALE—8 room house in fine condition. Also a cook range. Inquire of Charles Preston, Phone 974.

FOR SALE—Two iron beds with mattresses and springs and two Princess dressers. Phone 383 or inquire of Mrs. W. E. Havens. 17-2

FOR SALE—House and lot near school house. Bargain if sold at once. Inquire of Glen Smith. 17-3

HORSE FOR SALE—Weight 1,400 pounds; new harness and good wagon. Charlie Lee, Lovells. 10-2

FOR SALE—Several stoves, matting and other household goods. Also house and lot. Centrally located, house in good condition. Mrs. G. W. Heyl, Peninsular Ave.

FOUND—A small black bull calf. Owner may have same by proving property and paying for this notice and care. Severine Johnson, Hardgrove Mich. 8-10-3

FOR SALE—or Trade, one pony Gelding, 12½ years old, sound and true, for land or anything else, except guns, dogs and cats. Leon J. Stephan, Grayling, Mich., Box 179. 8-10-2

FOR SALE—1 work mare, 14 years old, cheap; 1 nearly new Columbus wagon; 1 set of work harness; 1 set of light driving harness. Phone 423. Inquire of Wm. Moshier. 7-20-11.

FOR SALE—Work mare. Can be used single or double. Low price if taken at once. John A. Johnson. 8-10-2

FOR RENT—Building next to G. A. R. hall. Suitable for small store, office, etc. Adelbert Taylor.

HOUSE FOR SALE—good location. Inquire of C. W. Green, Chestnut St. 8-3-4

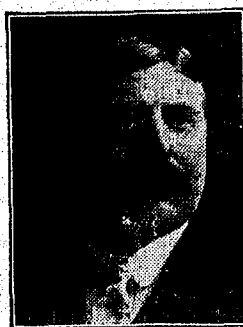
An Unusual Offer.

Mr. A. M. Lewis is instructed to sell Dr. Navaun's Kidney Tablets under this guarantee: "That after you have used them for ten days for backache, rheumatism or nervousness, and you are not pleased with the results, return the balance of the package to Mr. Lewis and he will refund your fifty cents. A. M. Lewis, your druggist."

Use the Avalanche want column for results.

Don't Neglect The Kidneys.

Do you take a kidney tablet once in a while, the same as you do a cathartic? If you don't, you should, because the kidneys are blood filterers and need cleaning themselves the same as your bowels. Dr. Navaun's Kidney Tablets are for this purpose and are for sale at Mr. Lewis' store. Samples will be sent on request by the Botanic Drug Co., Detroit, Mich.



ALBERT E. SLEEPER
of Bad Axe
For Governor

Albert E. Sleeper should get your vote at the primary.

Because

He's a Michigan man grown from a New England boy.

He has western vision and strength to do big things; and

Yankee commonsense and thrift.

Where he's known he is the trusted friend and financial advisor of the community.

If you want to know about him ask the boys he's helped through school, the people whose homes he's saved from foreclosure, the business men he's started—and those he's carried through financial troubles.

They are as one for "Uncle Bert"—24 hours a day. Ask them.

Also remember he cleaned up the Glazier mess in the State Treasury.

He kept each dollar where it belonged.

He made the depository banks give bonds to secure our money.

He issued public statements so you and I could tell what money we had in Lansing.

The people of the "Thumb Country" are for Sleeper, not because he lives there, but because they know the man, his friendliness, his common sense, his integrity, his ability.

Vote for him Aug. 29.

You will be glad you did when you know him—[Besides he's a winner.]

Allen B. Failing

Republican Candidate for
The Office of

Register of Deeds

Primaries August 29th

I will appreciate the support of the voters of Crawford County and wish to thank them for their support in the past.



Peter E. Johnson
Republican Candidate for
The Office of

Register of Deeds

Primaries August 29th

I have been a resident of Crawford County 36 years, your vote will be appreciated.

Pleasing the People
That is our hobby

Our one great effort is to please you, to please each and every one of our customers, and by so doing to secure one of the most valuable of all advertisements—new customers through the good words they speak of us to their friends. This is a frank statement, possibly a little out of the ordinary, but it is a fact, and it is bringing us new patrons every day. It pays us and it pays our customers—AND BRINGS US NEW ONES.

Our Groceries

Are kept clean and fresh and we stand back of their quality; they are A-1.

Our Stock of Dry Goods

is complete and we want you to come in and see the many fine things we have on sale.

Our Shoe Department

Comfort, durability and good appearance are the prime features in our shoe department.

You will always be welcome at our Rest Room

Salling, Hanson Co.

The Pioneer Store

County Clerk's Office
Crawford County

The following is a list of Names of Candidates to be voted on in Crawford County, at the coming Primary Election, as certified to by the Secretary of State and as filed with the County Clerk of said County.

Dated August 6-1916.

John J. Niederer, County Clerk

William H. Hill	United States Senator	Republican
Charles E. Townsend	" " "	"
John T. Windship	" " "	Democrat
John Y. Johnson	" " "	Prohibition

Gerrit J. Diekema	Governor	Republican
Washington Gardner	" " "	"
Frank B. Leland	" " "	"
Albert E. Sleeper	" " "	"
Sybrant Wessellins	" " "	Democrat
Chas. H. Bender	" " "	Prohibition
E. W. Woodruff	" " "	"

Frank P. Bohn	Lieutenant Governor	Republican
Luren D. Dickinson	" " "	"
William D. Gordon	" " "	"
David E. Heineman	" " "	"
Robert Y. Ogg	" " "	Democrat
John P. Kirk	" " "	Prohibition
John F. Easley	" " "	"

Gilbert A. Currie	Congressman 10th Dist.	Republican
George A. Loud	" " "	"
Roy O. Woodruff	" " "	"

Miles M. Callaghan	State Senator 28th Dist.	Republican
Duncan McRae	" " "	"
John M. Perry	" " "	"
William H. Caple	" " "	Democrat

Melvin A. Bates	Representative Presque Isle Dist.	Republican
Nelson G. Farrier	" " "	"

Oscar Palmer	Judge of Probate	Republican
George Mahon	" " "	"
William H. Cody	Sheriff	"
John J. Niederer	County Clerk	"
Edward S. Houghton	County Treasurer	"
Allen B. Failing	Register of Deeds	Republican
Peter E. Johnson	" " "	"
Ernest P. Richardson	" " "	"
Glen Smith	Prosecuting Attorney	Democrat
George L. Alexander	Circuit Court Comm.	Republican
Stanley N. Insley	Coroner	"
James A. Leighton	" " "	"
Edward S. Houghton	County Surveyor	"

To Glen Smith, Pros., Atty.
Grayling, Mich.

Dear Sir:

This is to certify that the Nat., Progressive Party, the Socialist Party nor the Socialist Labor Party have filed Petitions of Candidates with the Secretary of State, nor with the County Clerk, nor has there been a call filed by any of these Parties for the State Convention, nor the dates fixed for the County Conventions, nor any certificate of apportionment of Delegates been filed by any of them, with the Board of Election Commissioners.

Question: Will the said Board of Election Commissioners, prepare and print BLANK BALLOTS for said Parties for the next Primary Election? Your official opinion is respectfully asked for.

The Board of Election Commissioners
John J. Niederer, County Clerk

Mr. John J. Niederer, Clerk Crawford County,
City.

Dear Sir:

In reply to your inquiry relative to blank ballots to be prepared by the Board of Election Commissioners, it is my opinion that no ballots should be prepared for any party not maintaining a definite organization. From the statements made in your letter it appears to me that the National Progressive Party, the Socialist Party or the Socialist Labor Party have not maintained a definite organization so as to entitle them to have ballots printed.

Yours very truly,
Glen Smith, Pros., Atty.

This is the package
that holds the
cigarettes



that do for
smokers what no
other cigarette has
ever done for them
before—they satisfy
and yet they're MILD

Chesterfield
CIGARETTES

*No Wonder They Satisfy!

(—and yet are MILD)
It's the pure Turkish tobacco in Chesterfield Cigarettes that does it. The famous Chesterfield blend contains the highest-quality Turkish tobacco:—CAVALLA for its aroma; XANTHI for its fragrance; SMYRNA for its sweetness; SAMSOON for its richness.

20 for 10c

They SATISFY!

—and yet they're MILD

ICE CREAM THAT IS DIFFERENT



Why don't you come in and try some of our ICE CREAM that is different.

Just try one of our delicious French Frappes or any of our ice cream specialties—you will at once notice the difference—you will very easily be able to tell that ours is made from the purest and richest cream and

the best fresh fruit flavors.

It has that different pleasing taste that you will remember—that will bring you back often. Come in today and try some REAL ICE CREAM.

A. M. LEWIS

Your Druggist

Phone 18

Local News

GRAYLING, THURSDAY, AUG. 17

Mrs. Frank Mack entertained her sister, Mrs. Ernest Moore of Gaylord last week.

You may be in doubt about the condition of your eyes. No need of this. Consult Hathaway.

Hathaway has a big line of cut glass and silver coming. Watch for it, something different.

Miss Edna Speare, of Flint, is a guest of her sister, Mrs. Al. Barber and family this week.

Hathaway is still selling lots of watches. A new lot just in. Step in and see him about one.

Mrs. Herluf Sorenson is spending a month visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Anderson at Cadillac.

Miss Benlah Lantz of Lewiston is spending several weeks visiting her sister, Mrs. Morris Gorman.

Miss Matilda Foley returned last Friday from summer school at Ypsilanti, and is at her home in Luzerne.

Mark Conklin of Flushing is spending a few days here, the guest of his brother, Barnard Conklin and family.



The price of coal will be going up from now on—how high it will be this winter is hard to say.

THIRTY FOLKS take advantage of the LOWER SUMMER RATES by buying their winter coal supply NOW—they SAVE a great deal on their COAL BILL—why don't you?

You can get longest-burning, highest heat-producing coal, the kind that's thoroughly screened, right NOW for a great deal LESS than you will be forced to pay later on in the season.

Why delay? Be thrifty—order today and SAVE MONEY.

CITY COAL YARD

J. M. BUNTING Prop'r.
Phone 713

Miss Lucile Campbell returned to her home in Newberry this morning.

Miss Helen Mitchell of Gaylord was a guest at the home of Mrs. Frank Mack last Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Oscar W. Harrison are enjoying a visit from the latter's father, W. E. Smith, of Marquette.

Mrs. W. E. Green and little son, Gordon, returned last week, after a month or more spent in Oscoda.

Special service checks will be given from Aug. 16 to Aug. 21, on Hammocks.

An 8 room house, for sale, in first class condition. Also a range. Inquire of Charles Preston, Phone 974.

Francis Burgess of Lansing is a guest of his brother, Devere Burgess and family this week. He arrived last Monday.

Miss Arlene Vedder, of Detroit, arrived Monday for a visit at Virginia Place, as guest of Mr. and Mrs. T. Hanson.

Miss Edna Brown returned last Monday to Saginaw to resume her work, after enjoying a two weeks vacation at her home.

Miss Anna Boeson returned last week from a six weeks vacation spent in July, Marquette and Bay City, visiting relatives and friends.

Basil Green left Saturday night for Detroit to join his mother, Mrs. C. W. Green, who is visiting friends in that city. He expects to accompany her home the latter part of this week.

Mrs. John Sauve and daughter, Miss Agnes of Bay City, who spent last week visiting Mrs. Frank Tetu and family, left Monday afternoon for Boyne City, for a week's visit with relatives.

Mrs. Charles Preston and two children returned last Friday from Flint, after a couple of weeks visit with relatives and friends. Mr. Preston, who has also been visiting there, will return home the latter part of this week.

Mrs. Louisa B. Niles of Ann Arbor, is at the Palmer house, and they hope for the winter. Her son, Arthur, who graduated from the U. of M. this year and is now engaged in some State surveying, is expected to arrive next week.

Both the Artillery and Signal and Engineering corps program parties given at Colleen's pavilion last Thursday and Friday evenings respectively, proved to be most enjoyable affairs, and were well attended. Prof. Amstrong's orchestra furnished the excellent music.

Dirk Nanniga, who has been assisting in the Salling, Hanson & Co. offices, left the latter part of last week for Chris Johnson's camp, where he has accepted a position, scaling for the company. Mr. Nanniga arrived here last Spring from Holland to learn the lumber industry.

Frank A. Schumann, Elmer Bigelow and Geo. Belmore, all of Flint, arrived in Grayling yesterday for a few days' trout fishing and recreation. They are all employees of the Buick Motor company and while here enjoyed a visit with the many Buick men connected with the militia, among them being Capt. Colliday and Lieut. Wright. Mr. Schumann is a brother of Y. Editor. Mr. Belmore is our old familiar friend formerly of Beaver Creek.

You may be next! Why don't you buy some Fire Insurance?

Geo. L. ALEXANDER & SON.

Frank Dreese left last Saturday afternoon for the East to purchase fall goods for his store.

Miss Edna Rasmussen returned to Detroit yesterday, after a few weeks visit at her home here.

The wall for the new T. Hanson home on Peninsular avenue is finished ready for the carpenter gang.

Miss Laura Simpson returned last week from Ypsilanti, where she had been attending summer school.

H. Joseph left last week for Chicago, Cleveland and New York to purchase goods for the Grayling Mercantile Co.

Miss Fern Armstrong is enjoying a visit from her cousins, the Misses Dutcher, of Fairgrove, who arrived Tuesday afternoon.

Mrs. Elf Rasmussen, who has been visiting her parents here for the past couple of months, left yesterday for her home in Detroit.

One of the nicest pieces of house painting done this summer was at the N. P. Olson residence on Peninsular avenue, by Waldemar Jensen.

Boats for rent at Portage lake park a half mile from Resort, on the M. & N. E. railroad. Fine trout service from Grayling. Otto McIntyre. If.

Theda Bara will again appear at the Opera house next Sunday night, this time as "Venus" in "The Serpent."

It is a Russian play and is sure to be fine.

Mayor and Mrs. Hans Petersen received word yesterday of the birth of a baby girl to Mr. and Mrs. William Pobursky of Detroit. Mrs. Pobursky was formerly Miss Olga Petersen.

The children and many of the older people of the Methodist church and Sunday school enjoyed the annual Sunday school picnic at McIntyre's landing at Portage lake yesterday.

Dan Squires, who will be well remembered here as an engineer on the M. C. switch engine, has left the soldiers' home in Colorado, Wash. He asks to be remembered by the "Old Boys."

Miss Lottie Sias of Midland is spending several days in the city, the guest of Miss Mollie Johnson, and while here is renewing acquaintances. Miss Sias will be remembered, as for a couple of years she conducted a millinery store here.

Contractor George Lather, of Traverse city was in the city first of this week looking after the progress of the Dr. Keyport and T. Hanson new houses, now under construction by him, which are being superintended by his son Roy Lather.

Miss Louise Trevigno of Mt. Pleasant, is a guest at the A. M. Lewis home. She always seems happy to get "home" to Grayling, where she has many friends and where she taught for two years, the third and fourth South side grades.

The annual Grange picnic will be held Saturday, Aug. 19, at the farm home of Alton Brott in Beaver Creek. It will be a able picnic, and every one is invited to come and bring well filled baskets. A dance will be given in the evening. Everybody welcome.

Mr. and Mrs. William Chalker and little daughter of Waters, have been spending the past week here visiting Mrs. Chalker's sister, Mrs. John Scott and family. Mr. Chalker had been manager of the Stephens company general store at Waterford for several years, and now that all of the belongings of the Stephens' Lumber Co., having been sold to Bay City firm, Mr. Chalker and family are moving to Detroit.

Dr. Oscar Palmer is in receipt of official notice that he has been selected aide-de-camp to the Commander in Chief of the Michigan Grand Army of the Republic. Apparently the department is bound to have Dr. Palmer in the state department. At the annual meeting held at Bay City, June 20-21-22, the Doctor had been slated for the high office of Senator Viscount, which high honor he courteously declined, feeling that his home duties should have preference over the honor that was being offered him.

Luther Herrick, Michigan Central freight and ticket agent here, has resigned his position and accepted a very responsible position with the Du Pont company. He will have charge of the checking and accounting of shipments that come into the Du Pont yards, keep tab on all raw material received in the yards and out-going shipments. Mr. Herrick has been in the employ of the Michigan Central for about 20 years and 12 in Grayling. He has been a valuable and reliable employee for his past employers and we predict that his success will be just as great with the Du Ponts. His friends here will be pleased to know that he is not going to leave Grayling. He is succeeded as freight agent by J. C. Yahr of Gladwin, who assumed his new duties this week.

It is reported that Alfred Olson, David Montour, C. M. Hewitt and L. M. Edwards had the misfortune of capsizing out of their boats into the Ausable river early Sunday morning, while taking a trip down the river.

The party left Grayling at about 10 o'clock a. m. Sunday, in two boats. Olson and Montour in the first boat met disaster near the old railroad grade, below School Section lake outlet. They struck a sweeper and the boat tipped over precipitating the two men and their belongings into the water. It was still dark, so as soon as the second boat arrived a camp was established until the daylight, when search was made of the belongings. The water is deep at this place and little or nothing was recovered. The boat containing Edwards and Hewitt also met trouble near the Stephan resort, both men taking a cold plunge. The boys say that they don't mind the ducking, but are sorry to lose their belongings. The loss is reported to amount in value to about \$100.00.

E. F. Hardy and Joe Fournier, painters in the employ of Waldemar Jensen, had a startling experience while fishing in Portage lake Friday of last week when the boat in which they were riding shipped water and sunk. The men had started from near the Colleen landing in a boat they had borrowed from a friend, when a heavy wind came up necessitating the keeping of the boat with the waves. The boat was considerably water-logged and soon it shipped full and sunk to the bottom in probable 50 to 60 feet of water. The men kept afloat until the boat rose to the surface and by turning it upside down with air beneath they managed to keep it afloat. The old shell was a bad one and threatened to submerge at any moment. The men clung to the craft, one on each end, and called for help and after being in the water for about two hours and a half, help arrived. Sam Colleen heard the call and put out in a row boat and landed the men. They were completely exhausted and state that they could not have held out much longer. It was a narrow escape and an occasion that they will never forget.

WANTED

Laborers: \$2.22 for eight-hour day

Carpenters: \$3.07 for eight-hour day

Apply:

DUPONT COMPANY

Grayling, Mich.

Miss Doris Lagrow entertained her cousin, Miss Florence Kiley of Standish over Sunday last.

Mr. and Mrs. Gillette have been enjoying a two weeks' visit from Miss Sarah Gustin of Bay City, the latter returning to her home Monday last.

Special for Friday and Saturday, this week, with a \$5.00 cash order will give ten pounds of Navy White beans for \$1.00. A Trudeau, successor to DeWaele & Son.

The youngest son of Mr. and Mrs. Guy Miller passed away at 8:00 o'clock last Monday evening, after an illness of several weeks. The funeral was held Wednesday afternoon from the home at 2:00 o'clock, Rev. Elliott officiating, and was attended by a large number of friends. Besides the parents, one little sister and a brother survive.

Geo. Sorenson reports that a horse entered his garden and ate all his carrots. This surely is not a suitable reward for having prepared and planted a garden, spent many hours in caring for it, keeping it watered and many other cares, and then finally just as the crop was nearly ready for gathering, to have the horse of some careless owner enter and in a few minutes destroy that what had required considerable efforts and expense to produce. And chickens are fully as destructive and there is no excuse for allowing them to be at large.

Gilbert A. Currie, of Midland, candidate for congress was in the city Monday afternoon and Tuesday morning and while here saw a lot of local voters. Currie is one of those kind of fellows who goes right among the men and is one of their kind. Notwithstanding his high rank of statesmanship, there is not one hair of snobishness about him. Altho he had not been in Grayling for many years he remembered people and their names with remarkable intelligence. When asked how things are looking for the primaries he said that he cannot see anything but victory. He claims that he will have a good Bay County vote but believes he would win even without it. Currie was strong in Crawford county two years ago and we cannot but believe that he will be stronger than ever this year. One big feature in Crawford county besides the high qualities of Mr. Currie is the part he played when speaker of the house in the State legislature of 1913 when he made it possible to pass the Grayling Military bill.

Currie has been defeated in the hands of the Senate and House committees had it not been for the quick-wittedness and fair mindedness of this gentleman and Grayling would never have had the Military reservation at Portage lake. Just think what this has meant to Crawford county. The reservation has brought many thousands of dollars to our people and this has been distributed among many people. Besides the advertising value to our community. And this will continue for years to come. Prior to the time of the first summer encampment few people in the state knew there was such a place as Grayling and still less persons knew where the town was located. Now we are known in every nook and corner of Michigan and far out into the nation. The finest and best Military reservation in the whole United States is now right here in our own county. We, as a people, can best show our gratitude toward Mr. Currie by backing him up by voting to send him to Congress. And, as a congressman, he will make good just as he did in the State Legislature, where he left a record equalled by few. As Speaker of the House, the Lansing Republican says, he was the best Michigan ever had. Vote for "Currie for Congress."

Good Household Goods for Sale.

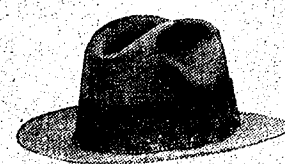
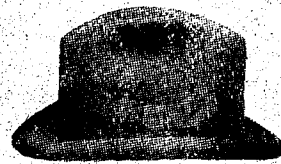
As we are about to move from Grayling, we offer for sale the following household goods:

\$35.00 Davenport—folding, \$15.00.
\$40.00 Book Case, \$15.00.
\$18.00 Davenport, \$8.00.

\$40.00 Dining Table, \$20.00.
\$20.00 Buffet, \$12.00.
Six \$3.00 Dining Chairs, \$15.00 each.
\$20.00 Library Table, \$15.00.

The above goods are all in first class condition. For particulars call at my house, Peninsular avenue near store. Henry DeWaele.

ADVANCE SHOWING OF NEW FALL HATS FOR MEN



We now have our display The New Fall Styles and colors in Mens and young Mens Hats - see those with the wide floppy brims in Greens, Tans and dark Gray. The best selection we have ever shown.

\$1.00 to \$3.00

LADIES - You will be interested to see the large assortments of fancy Turkish Towels just rec'd., 25c to \$1.

Grayling Mercantile Co.
THE QUALITY STORE

In honor of Miss Irene Burton, who is soon to become a bride, Miss Edna McCullough, was hostess to fourteen ladies at her home last evening. The party was in the form of an Apron shower, and Miss Burton received a large variety of the dainty lunch. In a difficult guessing contest, Mrs. T. P. Peterson was the winner and received a pretty apron from the hostess. A two course luncheon was enjoyed late in the evening, the center piece of the table being a graceful bride in pink. Favors were tiny gilded slippers.



8 Big Features of the Way Sagless Spring

make it the biggest value for the money ever offered in a bedspring.

1. Supreme sleeping comfort.
2. Perfect restfulness.
3. Absolutely sagless—guaranteed for 25 years.
4. Does not roll occupants toward the center.
5. Noiseless.
6. Sanitary—all metal.
7. Cannot tear bedclothes.
8. Stiff cable edges keep you from bumping on the sides of the bed.

30 Nights To Prove Them

We'll send a Way Sagless Spring to your home and let you sleep on it for 30 nights before you decide whether you'll keep it or not. If you can part with it after that trial, we'll buy it back at full price.

Sorenson Bros.

The Home of Dependable Furniture

Please Read the Following

and see if you can not find something that will suit your lunch basket. All these goods are made by the National Biscuit Company and are sold with a GUARANTEE

- | | |
|------------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Adora Sugar Wafers | Lemon Snaps |
| Anola Chocolate Wafers | Marshmallow Dainties |
| Nabiscos, all flavors, 10c and 25c | Saltine Biscuit |
| Lorna Doone, Short Bread | Vanilla Wafers |
| Snaparoons | Uneda Biscuit |
| Homo Biscuit, made of whole wheat | Premium Soda Crackers |
| Baronet Biscuit | Select Soda Crackers |
| Chocolate Wafers | Saratoga Flakes |
| Zu Zu Ginger Snaps | Graham Wafers |
| American Beauty | Oatmeal Crackers |
| Ginger Snaps | Cheese Sandwich |
| Barnum Cookie Animals | Five O'clock Tea |
| | Oysterettes |

We have received a large shipment of Lunch Baskets. All sizes and shapes. Give us a call.

H. PETERSEN

JUDGE of PROBATE

☒ OSCAR PALMER

AN ABLE ATTORNEY.
ABSOLUTE INTEGRITY.
LOYAL FRIEND TO ALL.
Republican Candidate. Primaries Tues., Aug. 29

Your vote will be duly appreciated.

Oscar Palmer

The Crawford Avalanche

Crawford County's Home Paper

Our advertisements bring results

If you want the best insist on

Lily White

"The Flour The Best Cooks Use."

It bakes delicious bread and pastries.

VALLEY CITY MILLING COMPANY,

Grand Rapids, Mich.

GRANT SLOCUM SAYS

"From my own personal experience in connection with legislation in this state, I believe that Mr. Currie has done as much or more, than any other man toward the enactment of the beneficial laws which have been passed during his service in the legislature, and I believe the interests of all the people of the Tenth district will be best served by his election."

THE MICHIGAN PATRON SAYS

"He represents no interests but those of the people. He has fought the worst kind of machine politics for years. His private life and public record are without a flaw."

THE GRANGE FORUM SAYS

"Currie is a member of the Grange and has stood unequivocally for all Grange and Progressive measures in the State Legislature."

CURRIE WILL WORK FOR EVERY HONEST AND LEGITIMATE INTEREST OF THE 10th DISTRICT IN CONGRESS

"CURRIE FOR CONGRESS"



Gilbert A. Currie

Speaker of the House 1913-14
Candidate for the republican nomination for CONGRESS

The Lone Star Ranger

A Fine Tale of the Open Country

By ZANE GREY

Buck Duane is learning fast what it means to be a hunted man. He is getting the outlaw's point of view, yet truly he isn't an outlaw. The big question that arises is this: How can Buck make a living? He is not a thief—he wouldn't steal horses and cattle or engage in the hold-up business. His brief partnership with an outlaw terminates abruptly. How he meets new dangers when surrounded by Bland's gang of desperadoes is told with thrilling emphasis in this installment.

SYNOPSIS.

Buck Duane, inheriting blood lust from his father, kills a horse-stealer who escapes him by killing Duane. To escape the law, Buck flees to the wild country infested by outlaws. He has just met one and is invited to form a partnership for better or worse.

CHAPTER III—Continued.

"Buck, as we're lookin' for grub, an' not trouble, I reckon you'd better hang up out here," Stevens was saying, as he mounted. "You see, towns an' sheriffs an' rangers are always lookin' for new fellers gone bad. They sort of forget most of the old boys, except those as are plumb bad. Now, nobody in Mercer will take notice of me. Reckon there's been a thousand men run into the river country to become outlaws since yours truly. You jest wait here an' be ready to ride hard. Mebbe my boss'll sin will go operatin' in spite of my good intentions. In which case there'll be—"

His pause was significant. He grinned, and his brown eyes danced with a kind of wild humor. "Stevens, have you got any money?" asked Duane.

"Money?" exclaimed Luke blankly. "Say, I haven't owned a two-bit piece since—well, for some time."

"I'll furnish money for grub," returned Duane. "And for whiskey, too, providin' you hurry back here—without making trouble."

"Shore you're a downright good pard," declared Stevens, in admiration, as he took the money. "I give my word, Buck, an' I'm here to say I never broke it yet. Lay low, an' look fer me back quick."

With that he spurred his horse and rode out of the mesquites toward the town. At that distance, about a quarter of a mile, Mercer appeared to be a cluster of low adobe houses set in a grove of cottonwoods. Pastures of alfalfa were dotted by horses and cattle. Duane saw a sheep herder driving in a meager flock.

Presently Stevens rode out of sight into the town. Duane waited, hoping the outlaw would make good his word. Probably not a quarter of an hour had elapsed when Duane heard the clear reports of a Winchester rifle, the clatter of rapid hoofbeats, and yells unmistakably the kind to mean danger for a man like Stevens. Duane mounted and rode to the edge of the mesquites.

He saw a cloud of dust down the road and a bay horse running fast. Stevens apparently had not been wounded by any of the shots, for he had a steady seat in his saddle, and his riding, even at that moment, struck Duane as admirable. He carried a large pack over the pommel, and he kept looking back. The shots had ceased, but the yells increased. Duane saw several men running and waving their arms. Then he spurred his horse and got into a swift stride, so Stevens would not pass him. Presently the outlaw caught up with him. Stevens was grinning, but there was now no fun in the dancing eyes. It was a devil that danced in them. His face seemed a shade paler.

"Was jes' comin' out of the store," yelled Stevens. "Run plumb into a rancher—what knowed he. He opened up with a rifle. Think they'll chase us."

They covered several miles before there were any signs of pursuit, and when horsemen did move into sight out of the cottonwoods Duane and his companion steadily drew farther away.

"No hosses in that bunch to worry us," called out Stevens.

Duane had the same conviction, and he did not look back again. He rode somewhat to the fore, and was constantly aware of the rapid thudding of hoofs behind, as Stevens kept close to him. At sunset they reached the willow brakes and the river. Duane's horse was winded and lashed with sweat and lather. It was not until the crossing had been accomplished that Duane halted to rest his animal. Stevens was riding up the low, sandy bank. He reeled in the saddle. With an exclamation of surprise, Duane leaped off and ran to the outlaw's side.

Stevens was pale, and his face bore beads of sweat. The whole front of his shirt was soaked with blood.

"You're shot!" cried Duane.

"Wal, who said I wasn't? Would you mind givin' me a lift—on this here pack?"

Duane lifted the heavy pack down and then helped Stevens to dismount. The outlaw had a bloody foam on his lips, and he was spitting blood.

"Oh, why didn't you say so!" cried Duane. "I never thought. You seemed all right."

"Wal, Luke Stevens may be as glib as an old woman, but sometimes he doesn't say anything. It wouldn't have done no good."

Duane did not see how it had been possible, and he felt no hope for the outlaw. But he plugged the wounds and bound them tightly.

"Feller's name was Brown," Stevens said. "Me an' him fell out over a hoss I stole from him over in Huntsville. We had a shootin' scrape then. Wal, as I was standin' my hoss back there in Mercer I seen this Brown, an' seen him before he seen me. Could have killed him, too. But I wasn't breakin' my word to you. I kind of hoped he wouldn't spot me. But he did—an' fast shot he got me here. What do you think of this hole?"

"It's pretty bad," replied Duane; and he could not look the cheerful outlaw in the eyes.

"I reckon it is. Wal, I've had some bad wounds I lived over. Guess mebbe I can stand this one. Now, Buck, get me some place in the brakes, leave me some grub an' water at my hand, an' then you clear out."

"Leave you here alone?" asked Duane sharply.

"Shore. You see I can't keep up with you. Brown an' his friends will follow us across the river a ways. You've got to think of number one in this game."

"What would you do in my case?" asked Duane curiously.

"Wal, I reckon I'd clear out an' save my hide," replied Stevens.

Duane felt inclined to doubt the outlaw's assertion. For his own part, he decided his conduct without further speech. First he watered the horses, filled canteens and water bag, and then tied the pack upon his own horse. That done he lifted Stevens upon his horse, and, holding him in the saddle, turned into the brakes, being careful to pick out hard or grassy ground that left little signs of tracks. Just about dark he ran across a trail that Stevens said was a good one to take into the wild country.

"Reckon we'd better keep right on in the dark—till I drop," continued Stevens, with a laugh.

All that night Duane, gloomy and thoughtful, attentive to the wounded outlaw, walked the trail and never halted. Dawn caught the fugitives at a green camping site on the bank of a rocky little stream. Stevens fell a dead weight into Duane's arms, and one look at the haggard face showed Duane that the outlaw had taken his last ride. He knew it, too. Yet that cheerfulness prevailed.

"Buck, will you take off my boots?" he asked, with a faint smile on his pallid face.

Duane removed them, wondering if the outlaw had the thought that he did not want to die with his boots on. Stevens seemed to read his mind.

"Buck, my old daddy used to say that I was born to be hanged. But I wasn't an' dyin' with your boots on is the next worst way to croak."

"You've a chance to get over this," said Duane.

"Shore. But I want to be correct about the boots—an' say, pard, if I do go over, jest you remember that I was appreciatin' your kindness."

This matter of the outlaw's boots was strange, Duane thought. He made Stevens as comfortable as possible, then attended to his own needs. And the outlaw took up the thread of his conversation where he had left off the night before.

"This trail splits up a ways from here, an' every branch of it leads to a hole where you'll find men—a few, mebbe, like yourself—some like me—an' gangs of no-good hoss thieves, rustlers an' such. It's easy livin'. Buck, I reckon, though, that you'll not find

No wonder outlaws were safe in that wild refuge! Duane had spent the last two days climbing the roughest and most difficult trail he had ever seen. From the looks of the descent he imagined the worst part of his travel was yet to come.

The trail proved to be the kind that could not be descended slowly. He

Two days later, about the middle of the forenoon, Duane dragged the two horses up the last ascent of an exceedingly rough trail and found himself on top of the Rim Rock, with a beautiful green valley at his feet, the yellow, singed Rio Grande shining in the sun, and the great wild mountainous barren of Mexico stretching to the south.

In the "good old days" extraordinary wagers were more common than they are today. In 1670, for instance, London Answers says, Lord Digby staked £50 that he would walk five miles round Newmarket Heath in a certain time, barefooted and stark naked, and had the misfortune of losing by the narrow margin of half a minute, the king and all the court being witnesses of the performance.

In the latter half of the eighteenth century a Liverpool scientist bet a newspaper by the light of a farthing dip at a distance of 30 feet. The wager was cheerfully accepted. The first scientist merely coaxed the inside of a shallow wooden box with slaps of plucking glass, so as to form a concave lens, placed it behind a farthing dip, and easily read the small print at the distance named. The winning of the wager was witnessed by a Liverpool dockmaster, who ultimately applied the idea to lighthouse requirements and evolved the modern reflected light.

About two years ago, during a yachting trip of members of the Mercury docks and harbor board, A. W. Willmer, a leading Liverpool cotton broker, was presented with a pair of wooden shoes for his birthday, and another member of the board offered to contribute a sum of money to two charities if Mr. Willmer would go to the cotton exchange wearing them, for sweet charity's sake Mr. Willmer

kept dodging rocks which his horses loosed behind him. And in a short time he reached and rode down the green retreat, wondering what would be his reception.

The valley was much larger than it had appeared from the high elevation. Well watered, green with grass and trees, and farmed evidently by good hands, it gave Duane a considerable surprise. Horses and cattle were everywhere. Every clump of cottonwoods surrounded a small adobe house. Duane saw Mexicans working in the fields and horsemen going to and fro. Presently he passed a house bigger than the others, with a porch attached. A woman, young and pretty, he thought, watched him from a door. No one else appeared to notice him.

Presently the trail widened into a road, and that into a kind of square lined by a number of adobe and log buildings of rude structure. Within sight were horses, dogs, a couple of steers, Mexican women with children, and white men, all of whom appeared to be doing nothing. His advent created no interest until he rode up to the white men, who were loitering in the shade of a house. This place evidently was a store and saloon, and from the inside came a lazy hum of voices.

As Duane reined to a halt one of the loungers in the shade rose with a loud exclamation:

"Bust me if that ain't Luke's hoss!"

The others accented their interest, if not assent, by rising to advance toward Duane.

"How about it, Euchre? Ain't that Luke's hoss?" queried the first man.

"Plumb as your nose," replied the fellow called Euchre.

"There ain't no doubt about that, then," laughed another, "fer Bosomer's nose is shore plain on the landscape."

These men lined up before Duane, and as he coolly regarded them he thought they could have been recognized anywhere as desperadoes. The man called Bosomer, who had stepped forward, had a forbidding face, which showed yellow eyes, an enormous nose, and a skin the color of dust, with a thatch of sandy hair.

"Stranger, who are you an' where in the h—l did you get that bay hoss?" he demanded. His yellow eyes took to Stevens' horse, then the weapons hung on the saddle, and finally turned their glaring, hard light upward to Duane.

Duane did not like the tone in which he had been addressed, and he remained silent. Something leaped inside of him and made his breast feel tight. He recognized it as that strange emotion which had shot through him often of late, and which had decided him to go out to the meeting with Bain. Only now it was different, and more powerful.

"Stranger, who are you?" asked another man, somewhat more civilly.

"My name's Duane," replied Duane, curtly.

"An' how'd you come by the hoss?" Duane answered briefly, and his words were followed by a short silence, during which the men looked at him. Bosomer began to twist the ends of his beard.

"Reckon he's dead, all right, or no-body'd hev his hoss an' guns," presently said Euchre.

"Mister Duane," began Bosomer, in low, stinging tones, "I happen to be Luke Stevens' side partner."

Duane looked him over, from dusty, worn-out boots to his slouchy sombrero. That look seemed to inflame Bosomer.

"An' I want the hoss an' them guns," he shouted.

"You or anybody else can have them, for all I care. I just fetched them in. But the pack is mine," replied Duane. "An' say, I befriended your pard, if you can't use a civil tongue you'd better chin it."

"Civil? Haw, haw!" rejoined the outlaw. "I ain't takin' your word! Savvy that? An' I was Luke's pard!"

With that Bosomer wheeled, and, pushing his companions aside, he stamped into the saloon, where his voice broke out in a roar.

appeared on 'change wearing the wooden shoes and the stakes were hanged over to him.

Perhaps the limit was reached in a certain town in Canada, where a man propelled a green pea with a toothpick for about eighty yards along the pavement within half an hour of the stipulated time and won his wager.

Stroll With the Girls.

"Which had you rather do—take a shog walk with a long girl or a long walk with a short girl?" "That would depend on my finances—I'd hate to be short with a long girl except for the long girl long."

"But suppose you were flush with dough?" "Oh, then I'd long for a long walk with the long girl and even the short girl could come along."

Calf Shoots a Cat.

How a Jersey calf, one month old, shot with a revolver a big tomcat bus not place in this column except for the fact that the innocent bystander formerly lived at Fredericktown. The ex-Missouriian lives in Oregon and carries a pistol. When he went down to the lot the other day to feed his stock a calf kicked him, the pistol was knocked from his pocket and discharged, the bullet killing a cat asleep in the barn.—Kansas City Times.

Daily Thought.

It seems to me it is the same with love and happiness as with sorrow—the more we know of it, the better we can feel what other people's lives are or might be, and so we shall only be more tender to them and wishful to help them.—Elliot

Do you believe that Buck will persuade Euchre to leave Bland's gang and form a little partnership of their own? And do you think that Buck will succumb to necessity and become a horse thief and cattle rustler?

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Euchre was old in years. What little hair he had was gray, his face clean shaven and full of wrinkles; his eyes were half shut from long gazing through the sun and dust. He stooped. But his thin face denoted strength and endurance still unimpaired.

"Hev a drink or a smoke?" he asked. Duane shook his head. He had not been unfamiliar with whiskey, and he had used tobacco moderately since he was sixteen. But now, strangely, he felt a disgust at the idea of stimulants. He did not understand clearly what he felt. There was that vague idea of something wild in his blood, something that made him fear himself.

Euchre wagged his old head sympathetically. "Reckon you feel a little sick. When it comes to shootin', I run. What's your age?"

"I'm twenty-three," replied Duane. Euchre showed surprise. "You're only a boy! I thought you thirty anyway. Buck, I heard what you told Bland, an' puttin' that with my own fingerin', I reckon you're no criminal yet. Throwin' a gun in self-defense—that ain't no crime."

Duane, finding relief in talking, told more about himself.

"Huh," replied the old man. "I've seen hundreds of boys come in on the dodge. Most of them, though, was no good. An' that kind don't last long. This river country has been an' is the refuge for criminals from all over the states. I've bunked with bank cashiers, forgers, plain thieves, an' out-and-out murderers, all of which had no business on the Texas border. Fellers like Bland are exceptions. He's no Texan—you see that. The gang he rules here come from all over, an' they're tough cusses, you can bet on that. They live fat an' easy. If I

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At this sally the chief and his men laughed.

"You said Duane—Buck Duane?" queried Bland. "Are you a son of that Duane who was a gun-fighter some years back?"

"Yes," replied Duane.

"Never met him, and glad I didn't," said Bland, with a grim humor. "So you got in trouble and had to go on the dodge? What kind of trouble?"

"Had a fight."

"Fought? Do you mean gun-play?" questioned Bland. He seemed eager, curious, speculative.

"Yes. It ended in gun-play. I'm sorry to say," answered Duane.

"Guess I needn't ask the son of Duane if he killed his man," went on Bland, ironically. "Well, I'm sorry you bucked against trouble in my camp. But, as it is, I guess you'd be wise to make yourself scarce."

"Do you mean I'm politely told to move on?" asked Duane, quietly.

"Not exactly that," said Bland, as if irritated. "If this isn't a free place there isn't one on earth. Every man is equal here. Do you want to join my band?"

"No, I don't."

"Well, even if you did, I imagine that wouldn't stop Bosomer. He's an ugly fellow. Merely for your own sake, I advise you to hit the trail."

"Thanks. But if that's all, I'll stay," returned Duane. Even as he spoke he felt that he did not know himself.

Bosomer appeared at the door, pushing men who tried to detain him, and as he jumped clear of a last reaching hand, he uttered a snarl like an angry dog. Bland and the other outlaws quickly moved aside, letting Duane stand alone. When Bosomer saw Duane standing motionless and watchful, a strange change passed quickly in him.

Duane saw all the swift action, felt intuitively the meaning of it, and in Bosomer's sudden change of front. The outlaw was keen, and he had expected a shrinking, or at least a frightened antagonist. Duane knew he was neither. He felt like iron, and yet thrill after thrill ran through him. The outlaw had come out to kill him. And now, though somewhat checked by the stand of a stranger, he still meant to kill. But he did not speak a word. He remained motionless for a long moment, his eyes pale and steady, his right hand like a claw.

That instant gave Duane a power to read in his enemy's eyes the thought that preceded action. But Duane did not want to kill another man. Still, he would have to fight, and he decided to cripple Bosomer. When Bosomer's hand moved Duane's gun was spouting fire. Two shots only—both from Duane's gun—and the outlaw fell with his right arm shattered. Bosomer cursed harshly, and floundered in the dust, trying to reach the gun with his left hand. His comrades, however, seeing that Duane would not kill unless forced, closed in upon Bosomer and prevented any further madness on his part.

Of the outlaws present Euchre appeared to be the one most inclined to lend friendliness to curiosity; and he led Duane and the horses away to a small adobe shack. He tied the horses in an open shed and removed their saddles. Then, gathering up Stevens' weapons, he invited his visitor to enter the house.

It had two rooms—windows without coverings—bare floors. One room contained blankets, weapons, saddles and bridles; the other a stone fireplace, rude table and bench, two hunks of rawhide, and various blackened utensils.

"Make yourself to home as long as you want to stay," said Euchre. "I ain't rich in this world's goods, but I own what's here, an' you're welcome."

"Thanks. I'll stay awhile and rest. I'm pretty well played out," replied Duane.

Euchre gave him a keen glance.

"Go ahead an' rest. I'll take your horses to grass."

Euchre left Duane alone in the house. Duane relaxed then, and mechanically he wiped the sweat from his face. He was laboring under some kind of a spell or shock which did not pass off quickly. When it had worn away he took off his coat and belt and made himself comfortable on the blankets. And he had a thought that, if he rested or slept, what difference would it make on the morrow? No rest, no sleep could change the outlook of the future. He felt glad when Euchre came bustling in, and for the first time he took notice of the outlaw.

"I'm Bland," said the tall man, authoritatively. "Who're you, and what're you doing here?"

Duane looked at Bland as he had at the others. This outlaw chief appeared to be reasonable, if he was not courteous. Duane told his story again, this time a little more in detail.

"I believe you," replied Bland at once. "Thank I know when a fellow is lying."

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NINE SOLDIERS CAPTURE 113

Frenchmen Trick the Defenders of a German Field Fort on the Somme.

One of the most striking episodes of the great Somme offensive was the recent taking of the field fort at Blanche and its garrison of 113 men by nine French soldiers.

All attempts to storm the position had been checked by murderous machine-gun fire until the French discovered a vulnerable point. Selecting a second lieutenant, two sergeants, a corporal and four men, he led them on hands and knees through the long grass to the spot where he knew there was a breach in the defenses. Then three of the French officers abruptly leaped into the work, shouting in stentorian tones: "Forward with the bayonet!" and throwing bombs which exploded in the dugout.

The Germans, believing a large force was with the Frenchmen, had no time to get their weapons and surrendered. But now the three French captains began to feel nervous, as they saw no reason why the Germans should not fall upon them and exterminate them. They were saved by the six comrades, who came rushing in just at this moment. Again fooled, the entire German garrison was marched to the French rear, escorted by the nine "poilus," who had not lost a man.

Just a Trifle.

Here is a ridiculous little gift which may come in handy for slipping into an envelope with a cheery letter for a youngster, an invalid friend or some one who just naturally appreciates a good laugh. It is a small bookmark made with a half-inch colored satin ribbon and on each end is attached a small doll of wool. It may be black wool or white wool, and it is tied in tasseled style, with colored cotton for eyes, nose and mouth. The whole "doll" is not an inch long. Try one of these bookmarkers with a bit of ribbon and some left-over embroidery silk or cotton.

The average woman swallows flattery as a baby swallows buttons—regardless of the trouble that may follow.

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The Wheat Yield Tells the Story

of Western Canada's Rapid Progress

The heavy crops in Western Canada have caused new records to be made in the handling of grains by railroads. For, while the movement of these heavy shipments has been wonderfully rapid, the resources of the different roads, despite enlarged equipment and increased facilities, have been strained as never before, and previous records have thus been broken in all directions.

The largest Canadian wheat shipments through New York ever known are reported for the period up to October 15th, upwards of four and a quarter million bushels being exported in less than six weeks, and this was but the overflow of shipments to Montreal, through which point shipments were much larger than to New York.

Yields as high as 60 bushels of wheat per acre are reported from all parts of the country; while yields of 45 bushels per acre are common. Thousands of American farmers have taken part in this wonderful production. Land prices are still low and free homestead lands are easily secured in good localities, convenient to churches, schools, markets, railways, etc.

There is no war tax on land and no conscription. Write for illustrated pamphlet, reduced railroad rates and other information to Superintendent Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or

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This Fire-Fighting Outfit for Use on a Canadian Railroad Includes a Tank With a Capacity of 10,000 Gallons and a 10-Inch Fire Pump Driven by Steam.

OVER SNOW TRAILS

"RAILROAD" WORK CALLED A TRIUMPH OF ENGINEERING.

Claim That It Has Solved a Problem of the Northwest Lumber Camps Seems to Be Well Founded—How It Operates.

One of the problems of the lumber camp in the great flat Northwest is that of haulage. In fact it is about the greatest problem. It is one thing to chop down and saw into lengths a centurion of the primeval forest. It is another to transport the lumber to the railroad line.

As the camps move from year to year it is not profitable to build and keep clear of snowdrifts a private line, merely for one season's product, and then to do the same thing all over again the next year.

So, until recent years the system has been to load the cut lumber on great sledges, drawn by horses or teams of oxen.

The oxen are very picturesque, but they also are slow, and their capacity is limited, too, and their first cost, together with that of food and wages of the requisite number of men to handle them, was no small part of the expense of a camp which was carrying on a large operation.

Hence the American engineer got busy once more, and, deciding that the building of a private railroad line was too expensive a proposition for a single season's operations, he decided to run the trains just the same, dispensing with the tracks—and he did.

He built a locomotive which would run over the hard-packed snow of the logging roads, hauling, not a single sledge, but a train of them, and capable of moving 200,000 feet of logs every 24 hours, whereas the same amount of money invested in horses would move only 50,000 feet, or one-fourth as much.

Enter the cross-country locomotive. Exit the horse and the oxen team.

The cross-country logging locomotive looks very much like the common or garden variety of switching engine, with the exception that the front trucks are replaced by sledges, and that around the two driving wheels on each side have been wrapped traction belts with caterpillar treads. The locomotive walks rather than runs, and the ridges in the treads, pressed down by the weight of the engine, obtain perfect traction, even on the hardest ice.

With 200 pounds of steam pressure they develop about 100 horse power, and have a speed of five miles an hour. While it will work over very rough country, it is most economically operated, of course, over easy grades.

In one other respect it differs from the ordinary locomotive. It takes two men to operate it, but one of them is kept busy steering. He sits over the front trucks, swinging the locomotive in the desired direction by means of a low-gear wheel, very much like that of an automobile truck. The engineer, puts all his attention on the handling of his engine and doubling up on the fireman's job.

Naturally, with a few passages of the sledge trains, grooves become worn over the route, and these, well leed, serve just as well as rails, so that the trains slip easily along, and do not have to plow a fresh path each trip.

With roads well graded and leed the locomotive will handle from 7 to 15 heavy logging sleds with 5,000 or 7,000 feet of logs on each, making as high as 50 miles a day, and doing the work of from 12 to 18 four-horse teams. As only two men comprise the crew, it is easy to be seen that there is a substantial saving in wages.

Furthermore, the logging locomotive is tireless. It is only necessary to provide a shift of crews and run the train at night as well as in the daytime to increase the locomotive's capacity to that of 24 or 36 four-horse teams on the 24-hour basis.

Clam Shells for Fertilizer.

A firm situated in a small town in New Brunswick, Canada, is grinding refuse clam shells and mixing them with other materials for use as commercial fertilizers. In the past many towns on shores where the clam industry abounds have utilized these shells, if at all, for improving city roads. At one point on the Maine shore it is reported that about 50,000 bushels of clam shells are left following the winter clam-canning season. The cost of utilizing the product prior to grinding at the factory is the expense of transportation by vessels.

Waste Not, Want Not.

The baby kept throwing her rattle on the floor until four-year-old Bobby grew weary with picking it up and refused to do so any longer. "But, dear, she is the only little sister you have," gently remonstrated his mother. "Well," replied the little boy, "I am the only big brother she has, and she will have a hard time if she wears me all out."

Optimistic Thought.
Good advice may be given, but not a good name.

DESIGNED TO FIGHT FIRE

Apparatus for Use on Railroad Lines Is Believed to Be of Inestimable Value.

Believing that the municipal fire-fighting facilities of the various communities through which its line passes are inadequate to protect its property, a Canadian transcontinental railway has built a fire-fighting apparatus of its own, designed to be hurried by locomotive to any scene of conflagration along its route, reports Popular Mechanics Magazine. The outfit consists of an engine and tender coupled to a flat car carrying a tank having a capacity of 10,000 gallons of water. On the roof of the tank is a 10-inch steam-driven duplex fire pump with a capacity of 800 gallons per minute. Steam for the pump is supplied from the locomotive's car heater. By setting the latter's regulator at 120 pounds per square inch a water pressure of 100 pounds is secured at the nozzle. In a recent test the apparatus threw two streams about one hundred feet. One man is required to regulate the pump and two to operate the nozzles.

Cost of Electric Headlights.

Charles C. Paulding, solicitor for the New York Central railroad, told the members of the interstate commerce commission that it would cost the railroads of the country \$8,000,000 to equip their locomotives with electric headlights. He admitted that powerful headlights might be advisable on small railroads. "But on large roads, where there is density of traffic, multiple tracks and many signals," he said, "they would be otherwise than safety devices."

He said the large railroads were developing their signal systems, and that their efficiency would be minimized if not destroyed by the use of blinding headlights.

W. S. Stone, chief of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, advocated the change, citing cases in which, he said, accidents could have been prevented with more powerful headlights. The 1,000,000 candle power headlights disclosed every object on the track for a sufficient distance to give the engineer warning in time to reduce the speed of his train if not to stop it, he said.

He stated that the consensus among engineers is that powerful headlights do not blind them nor do they interfere with seeing signals when properly placed.

First and Last.

Less than \$100 was paid for the first locomotive in China. It weighed 22 hundredweight. The rails were about the size of walking sticks and lay 30 inches apart. One day, after the seven-mile line had been operating only a few months, a trespasser was run over and killed by the little engine. The rails were promptly torn up and shipped to Formosa to rust, thus ending the fate of the first railroad in China.

That was only 42 years ago. Now China has more than 6,000 miles of railroad, with a net revenue of more than \$8,000,000 a year. And C. O. Wang of the government railroad bureau stands sponsor for this prophecy: "It is no exaggeration to say that there will be more railroads built in China during the coming 25 years than in all the rest of the world combined."

Eliminates Human Danger.

In Berne, Switzerland, powerful electric magnets are used in switching and coupling cars, thereby eliminating the hand coupling which costs many lives annually. The state railroad has installed a powerful storage battery, which furnishes the power for operating the switches and also for energizing the magnets. A magnet is placed at each of the four corners of a locomotive. These magnets are in cylinder form with ends flaring outward. After an engine has drawn up a car it may be coupled by feeding current to the magnets. Throwing out a switch uncouples the car. Each magnet is capable of a pull of 3,740 pounds.

Relating to Brakes.

The United States Supreme court has ruled that the federal safety appliance regulations relating to brakes apply to electric as well as steam railroads operating in interstate commerce.

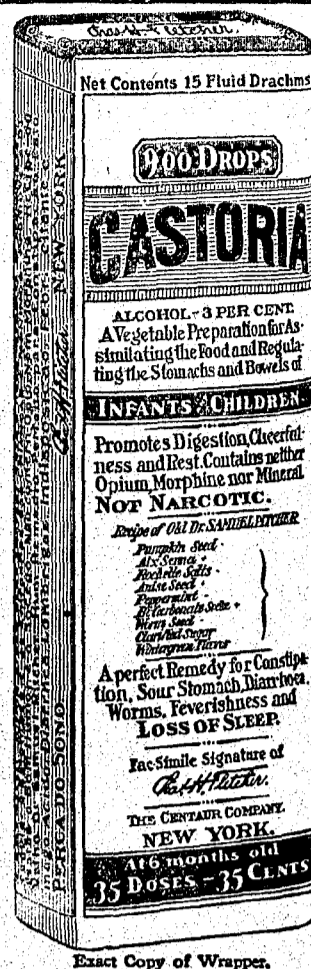
The court affirmed a judgment of \$7,500 in favor of Edgar E. Campbell, motorman, who was injured in a collision between Spokane, Wash., and Coeur d'Alene, Idaho, in which 18 persons were killed.

Ingenious Swiss Idea.

To lessen the smoke and gas in tunnels Swiss railroads are equipping their locomotive stacks with lids to be closed when a tunnel is entered, steam being exhausted beneath the engines.

Doing the Impossible.

Was it or was it not the White Queen in "Alice of Wonderland" who advised people to do a couple of impossible things every morning before breakfast—it was good practice. People who have followed this advice have usually found it excellent. The number of impossible things they habitually accomplish is amazing. The more they get into the habit of doing impossible things the more does the realization dawn upon them that the "impossibility" exists chiefly in the mixture of imagination and sloth.



Children Cry For



What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulency, Wind Colic, all Teething Troubles and Diarrhea. It regulates the Stomach and Bowels, assimilates the Food, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher

In Use For Over 30 Years

The Kind You Have Always Bought

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

SLAVERY IN EARLY DAYS

African Slave Trade Was Once Openly Tolerated by the British Government.

Slavery existed in nearly all of the English colonies from an early period until shortly before or soon after the Revolutionary war, and the African slave trade was openly tolerated by the British government. In 1798 there were 292,000 African slaves in the colonies, scattered from New England to Georgia. It was not prohibited in Massachusetts until 1780, nor in Vermont until 1777. The United States census of 1810 showed 910 slaves in Connecticut, 10,851 in New Jersey, 15,017 in New York, 795 in Pennsylvania, and 408 in Rhode Island. Slavery was gradually abolished in the northern states, but in 1820 there were still 97 slaves in Connecticut, 7,557 in New Jersey, 10,083 in New York, 211 in Pennsylvania, and 48 in Rhode Island. The census of 1850 showed the disappearance of slavery in all the northern states except New Jersey, which still had a surviving remnant of 238.

The Too-Good.

Rev. J. H. Jowett, pastor of the Fifth Avenue Presbyterian church, once said at a dinner: "Deliver me from the too-good, from the straight-faced, from the bigoted."

"The too-good become hard, narrow and cruel. I know a too-good Sunday school superintendent who said one Sunday in the course of his usual address:

"Our attendance is very, very good today. In fact, we are all here but little Catherine Simmons. All here but little Catherine! What obstacle has kept our little friend away? Let us hope that she is not well."—Washington Star.

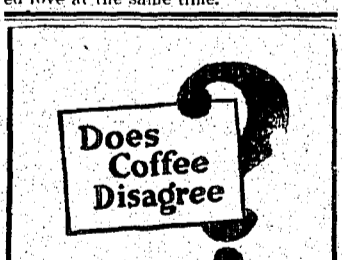
Unlucky Thirteen.

Bacon—Don't you think the number thirteen is unlucky? Egbert—Why no. Thirteen was the sacred number of the Mexicans and ancient people of Yucatan. Their week had thirteen days. "Yes, but think of waiting thirteen days for pay day!"

Fine Credit.

"Is his credit good?" "It must be. I understand he owes money to everybody."

No girl can successfully masticate fudge and nurse a case of disappointed love at the same time.



Many are not aware of the ill effects of coffee drinking until a bilious attack, frequent headaches, nervousness, or some other ailment starts them thinking.

Ten days off coffee and on

POSTUM

—the pure food-drink—will show anyone, by the better health that follows, how coffee has been treating them.

"There's a Reason" for

POSTUM

Sold by Grocers

The Stoker in Battle.

In the modern battleship, as is well known, the stoker, like the oarsman of ancient Roman galley, has his work all below deck. The seafarer rages above him, and he can rarely if ever see a battle. One of the stories connected with the battle of Jutland illustrates the stoker's character of the British stokers. A chance was given two of these during the fight to come from below. They were on the Warship, which was heavily engaged. One of them was telling a domestic story to the other as they went up to the deck. At the hottest moment of the fight their grimy heads appeared at the top of the hatch round which splinters of shell were crashing. Above the hellish din the impassive voice of the stoker telling stoker was heard, as calm as though at a "pub" over a mug of ale, saying: "I always thought 'e ort to 'ave married 'er."

BANISH PIMPLES QUICKLY

Easily and Cheaply by Using Cuticura Soap and Ointment. Trial Free.

Smear the pimples lightly with Cuticura Ointment on end of finger and allow it to remain on five minutes. Then bathe with hot water and Cuticura Soap and continue some minutes. This treatment is best upon rising and retiring, but is effective at any time. Free sample each by mail with Book. Address postcard, Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston. Sold everywhere.—Adv.

Method of Locating Guns.

Science has discovered that gunfire affects the earth's surface much as an earthquake, so it is not surprising to learn that guns are being located by the seismograph—the delicate little instrument which records terrestrial tremors. An Austrian authority on the subject of earthquake disturbances announces that the seismograph can record the position of hostile artillery as well as the caliber of the guns.

In a fairly recent engagement between Italian and Austrian troops on the Isonzo, the tremors induced by the heavy cannonade were only registered by the apparatus, and the operator was able to detect, by means of diagrams of artificial movements of the ground, the difference between the shocks produced by the fall of projectiles and those caused by the recoil of the guns. Moreover, the form of the tracings revealed to the practiced eye the number as well as the caliber of the latter.—Popular Science Monthly.

Might Get Caught.

The following conversation occurred a few days ago in juvenile court between Judge Frank J. Lahr and a ten-year-old boy, who had stolen a bicycle. "You stole the bicycle, did you?" "Uh huh."

"Why did you steal it?"

"I dunno."

"Hasn't your mother told you that it is wrong to steal?"

"Uh huh."

"Well, why did she say it is wrong to steal?"

"Cause I might get caught."

The court has undertaken to provide different instruction to the boy on the morals of stealing.—Indianapolis News.

Just in Style.

"You have a complaint to make, madam?" asked the millman. "Yes, I have," said the lady of the house at the door. "The milk you have left for three mornings is blue—absolutely blue."

"Well, my dear madam, you must know that blue is the season's most fashionable color. Now, if it were purple or pink you might complain, but nothing can be more fashionable than blue just now, madam, I assure you!"—Yonkers Statesman.

Record Catch of Fish.

What is said to be the largest single catch of fish ever landed at a port in this country was brought into Gloucester, Mass., on the 11th inst., by the trawler Easthampton. Post officials make that claim after comparison of available records. The trawler got 400,000 pounds off Sanbro Bank, near Halifax, N. S., in less than two weeks.

A thorn in the flesh is more troublesome than two on the bush.

Remedies for "Chiggers."

If a bath in hot water, or in water containing salt or strong soap, is taken within a few hours after exposure in shrubbery and woods infested with "chiggers," or "red bugs," no ill effects will be experienced. After a long exposure, however, a bath has practically no effect, and direct remedies are necessary.

After irritation has set in, and small red spots appear, the application of a moderately strong solution of ammonia to the affected parts is recommended by the department of agriculture's entomologists. A supersaturated solution of bicarbonate of soda, or common cooking soda or saleratus, will afford relief. Liberal applications should be made until the irritation subsides. If the suffering is severe a dilute tincture of iodine or collodion should be lightly applied.

Went Pretty Far Back.

There is not a large collection of anecdotes about Charles E. Hughes. One of them dates back to the time when he was governor of New York and was making one of his "appeals to the people." It indicates that he is apt at repartee.

Lewis Stuyvesant Chanler had been saying in one of his drives that Mr. Hughes was a "modern Oliver Cromwell." Mr. Hughes was speaking in an upstate city on the following day when a man in the crowd shouted: "How about Oliver Cromwell?"

"That reminds me," the governor beamed, "of the man who was asked by the waiter what kind of soup he would have."

"What kind have you?" the diner replied.

"Oxtail," said the waiter. "Isn't that going pretty far back for soup?"

Quite Different.

Church—I see the extermination of mosquitoes by bats has proven so successful that one Texas city has prohibited the killing of bats.

Gotham—That's all very well when the bats are bigger than the mosquitoes; but how about over in Jersey, where the mosquitoes are bigger than the bats?

Always give the devil his due—but it is better to keep out of his debt.

BLACKS OPTICIANS

ESTD. 1850—DETROIT

1314 WOODWARD AVE.

FISHING TACKLE AT WHOLESALE PRICES

Complete Outfit and Tackle Box with choice of Bamboo or Steel Rods. \$2.35
Complete Bait Casting and Trolling Outfit with choice of Bamboo or Steel Rods. \$5.35
Send for Complete Sporting Goods Catalog. Address: THE BRUSHWICK BROS. COLLECTOR CO., Dept. D. M., 623-633 Wabash Ave., Chicago

WHY NOT Try POPHAM'S ASTHMA MEDICINE

Gives Prompt and Positive Relief in Every Case. Sold by Druggists. Price 50c. Trial Package by Mail 10c. WILLIAMS MFG. CO., Props. Cleveland, O.

WHO IS TO BLAME

Women as well as men are made miserable by kidney and bladder trouble. Thurgood recommends Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. Root the great kidney remedy. At drug-gists in fifty-cent and dollar sizes. You may receive a sample size bottle by Parcel Post, also pamphlet telling about it. Address Dr. Williams & Co., Birmingham, N. Y., and enclose ten cents, also mention this paper.

THICK, SWOLLEN GLANDS

that make a horse Wheeze, Roar, have Thick Wind or Choke-down, can be reduced with

ABSORBINE

also other Bunches or Swellings. No blisters, no hair gone, and horse kept at work. Economical—only a few drops required at an application. \$2 per bottle delivered. Book 2 M 170. ABSORBINE, JR., the antiseptic liniment for man and horse. Cuts, Wens, Painted, Swollen Veins and Ulcers. \$1 and \$2 a bottle at dealers or delivered. Book "Evidence" free. W. F. YOUNG, P. O. Box 310, Springfield, Mass.

W. N. U., DETROIT, NO. 34-1918

COL. LOUD OUR LOYAL FRIEND

ENTERPRISE EDITOR'S PERSONAL OPINION OF THE PRESENT CONGRESSIONAL SITUATION.

Congressman Loud and His Work for the Commoner, for the Widows and For the Soldier.

The Colonel in His Lumberjack Days and His Great Kindness to Employees.

No Man, No Matter How Poor, Ever Approached Col. Loud in Vain.

The editor of the Enterprise asks its readers to consider this article seriously and to realize that it is personal opinion of the editor.

Again, we ask our readers to look back over the history of the Enterprise and if possible find a place where this newspaper has ever played false



Geo. A. Loud

with them. This being true, it is only fair to expect that the editor will at least be credited with being honest in his convictions.

Col. Geo. A. Loud is running in the primaries for congressman for this district. And this splendid representative of the district's interests expects his record will spell his success. His is a record that his district is proud of. He is the only congressman ever elected from this district that in reality has proved a public servant. There is no man who cannot approach Congressman Loud, at any time—and no matter how poor in this world's goods. He welcomes and shakes the grimy hand of the laborer with the same warmth as he greets the man of wealth. He listens to all, and if the conference be of an official nature, he goes back to Washington and at once gets busy.

This fine big-hearted congressman never forgets the soldier's widow, and the pensions he has got for widows, who apparently had no possible show, have been numerous. Ask the soldier's widow about Col. Loud. They'll tell you how good and kind and zealous he has been in their behalf. Ask the old soldier about the Colonel, and in doing so, be mighty careful to speak no adverse words, unless you expect the fighting spirit of '65 to flash fire from his eyes.

Ask the old-time lumberjack about George Loud. He'll tell you he was like a brother when they were hurt in the woods or were down at the heel—how George Loud wasn't above swinging the ax and canthook with them—how George, as they were wont to familiarly call him, was the first to be at the side of the injured or crushed woodsman with first aid, and ready to get the surgeon to reduce fractures—and at the expense of the company.

O, Col. Loud is a man all thru—a

man above petty things—he loves his fellowman.

An Gres would be the loser if we lose the Colonel in congress, for he has an eye on this locality, and has his interests at heart as much as he has the interests at heart of the more pretentious Bay City, and other larger places in the district.

Reader, think it over—consider everything—the worthiness and ability of this great big-hearted Colonel Loud. Let us give him a support at the primaries that will prove to him that the Au Gres district appreciates his ability and his untiring efforts in behalf of this locality and his constant, loyal work in behalf of his constituents generally.

And finally, readers of the Enterprise are asked to remember this is no paid political article. It is an editorial direct from the heart of the editor—a sincere expression of the belief of the editor of the Enterprise in Congressman Loud.—An Gres Enterprise advertisement.



John M. Perry
Republican Candidate for
State Senator
28th District.

Solicits your Support in the Primary August 29th, 1916.

To the Republican readers of the Avalanche. In presenting myself as a candidate for your support for state senator, I feel it is not only your privilege but your duty to investigate my past record, and this connection invite a careful and complete search of my life in all its relationships, private, business and official. From reports reaching me it appears that I have been mistaken for some other person, as to certain matters and I take this means of publishing a denial of the following:

I have never been Postmaster of Reed City. I was never arrested for embezzling some \$1500.00 of the post-office funds, tried, found guilty and served a prison sentence for the crime. I was never a "successful" hardware merchant at Reed City and as such made a complete failure and quit owing my creditors several thousands of dollars. I have never claimed to be an "extensive" sand land farmer, as having a nominal interest in forty acres of cut over land, on which a few fruit trees have been set, and another man's money carrying the investment, would in my opinion hardly warrant me to represent myself an "extensive" sand land farmer. I have never claimed to have scored any great success in efforts to improve conditions of and relationships between, employer and employee, if I had done anything of this kind worthy of special mention, no doubt the people of the community in which I have been living would have heard of it and would know something about it, but the fact that nothing of the kind

is known is very good evidence that nothing of the kind exists.

I have not made practically a failure of my own business, if I had, it would be presumptions for me to ask the public to entrust their affairs to me, but on the contrary have attained a fair measure of success, starting as a boy without a dollar, earned my own way thru school, worked and saved enough to buy a small stock of drugs in 1889, now own several farms, several pieces of village property, principal owner and cashier of the Bank of Tustin since it started in 1901, large stockholder and Vice President of the Beardsley Timber Co., owning over 7,000 acres of timber land in the U. P., half owner of the Tustin Warehouse Co., owning four large warehouses and complete stock of building material and large dealers lumber and farm products, besides original stockholder in a number of Fire and Life Insurance companies.

Again I ask that you do me the kindness of investigating my past and present life, and that you do not accept as true any statements made intended to injure me in your estimation, without ascertaining whether they are true.

Mr. F. H. MHRs, a merchant in Grayling, has known me many years, and I am quite sure would not object to answering any reasonable enquiries concerning me. J. M. Perry.

Political ad.

\$100 Reward, \$100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages and that is Catarrh. Catarrh being greatly influenced by constitutional conditions requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh medicine is taken internally, and acts thru the blood on the mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in the curative powers of Hall's Catarrh medicine that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo Ohio. Sold by all druggists, 75 cents.

"Currie for Congress"

Manistee & N. E. R. R. Time Card

In effect June 19, 1916.

Read Down.	Read Up.
A. M. P. M.	P. M. P. M.
8:00 12:25	iv Grayling ar 11:50 14:00
8:24 12:51	iv Reed City ar 12:14 14:24
9:18 3:02	iv Sigona ar 1:11 3:02
9:58 3:26	iv Rowley ar 12:46 1:46
11:40 3:55	iv Walton ar 12:20 1:00
4:31	iv Buckley ar 11:03 10:29
4:46	iv Gengarry ar 10:39
5:22	iv Brch ar 9:55
5:29	iv Kaleva ar 9:55
5:59	iv Chief Lake ar 9:43
5:46	iv Norwalk ar 9:39
6:17	iv Manistee ar 9:15

A. M. P. M.	P. M.
7:35 11:10	iv Manistee ar 11:20 10:40
8:21 11:52	iv Kaleva ar 10:34 9:52
8:43 12:25	iv Copemish ar 10:10 9:30
8:49 12:32	iv Nessen Cy ar 9:55 9:19
9:23 1:01	iv Platte Rvr ar 9:23 8:53
9:31 1:09	iv Lake Ann ar 9:14 8:43
9:53 1:24	iv Solon ar 8:57 8:22
9:59 1:30	iv Fouch ar 8:51 8:16
10:15 1:45	iv Traverse ar 8:35 8:00

† Daily, except Sunday.
* Local freight trains.

Wayne County is Solid For Frank B. Leland

EVERY DAILY PAPER IN DETROIT HAS EDITORIALY INDORSED THE LELAND CANDIDACY

Frank B. Leland

(Detroit News editorial Aug. 5, '16.)

Now that the Wayne county and Detroit republican organizations are pledged to Frank B. Leland's Candidacy for governor, his chances of securing the nomination have been greatly improved. Detroit has not produced a governor since Pingree—and Michigan admits that he was a good one. But Mr. Leland has more than a geographical claim to consideration. He combines the education and training of a lawyer with those of a business man, and is thus fitted not only to give Michigan that "business administration" which of late years has been clamorously desired by certain groups, but also to give expert attention to legislation.

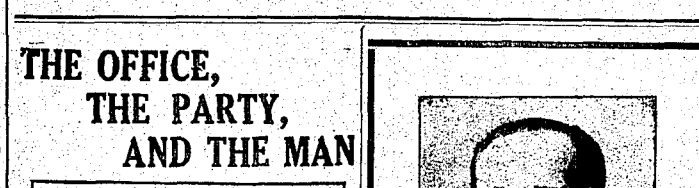
Mr. Leland has never been an office seeker. His election as recent of the University of Michigan in 1907 and again in 1913 gave him a place of honor rather than of political infamy. It was a position in which executive capacity was needed; and this Mr. Leland showed he had. In another field of public service he has won popular esteem—the fight against tuberculosis. There he has shown fine qualities of organization and leadership.

Michigan republicans will do well to consider the qualifications of the Wayne county candidate, and to compare him with those of other aspirants for the nomination. It would be a mistake to choose him merely because Detroit may feel that the city is entitled to consideration. But if his record and his abilities, his broad-mindedness and his freedom from factional appeal to the party, it should not let minor considerations influence it.

In condemning the present method of tax commission, Mr. Leland voices the opinion of ninety-nine out of every one hundred residents of the state, who heartily applaud his stand.—Farmington Enterprise.

Vote for Frank B. Leland August 29
The Republican who United the Party in Wayne County

THE OFFICE, THE PARTY, AND THE MAN



ERNEST P. RICHARDSON

Republican Candidate for the office of

Register of Deeds

Primaries August 29th

I will appreciate the support of the voters of Crawford County.

PROBATE NOTICE.

STATE OF MICHIGAN.

The Probate Court for the County of Crawford.

At a session of said court, held at the probate office in the village of Grayling, in said county, on the 11th day of August A. D., 1916.

Present: Hon. Wellington Batterson, Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the estate of Maggie Kawagank or Gomania.

Ralph B. Lacey, a friend having filed in said court his petition, praying that James A. Kalsom or some other suitable person be appointed as guardian of the estate of said minor.

It is ordered, that the 7th day of September A. D., 1916, at ten o'clock a. m., at said probate office, be and is hereby appointed for hearing said petition.

It is further ordered, that public notice thereof be given by publication of a copy of this order for three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing, in the CRAWFORD AVALANCHE a newspaper printed and circulated in said county.

WELLINGTON BATTERSON, Judge of Probate.

[A true copy.]

WELLINGTON BATTERSON, Judge of Probate.

6-17-3w

For Sale.

Lots numbered five and six, on the northwest corner of block twenty-eight, Roffe's addition can be bought cheap for cash. A fine location.

40 acres, one-half mile from the village; 7 acres in pasture; entire 40 fenced. About ten acres low land, balance good farming land; sawing timber removed. Price \$600.00.

Two dwellings, in desirable location on Brink's addition, and a number of vacant lots, are offered cheap on reasonable terms.

O. Palmer.

"Currie for Congress"

HAS MANY FRIENDS IN GRAYLING

Sure of Receiving Large Vote Here at Primary Election

Miles M. Callaghan, of Reed City, is making a whirlwind campaign thruout the district in the interest of his candidacy for State Senator, 28th district. He had a late start in the race but his home people are backing him up to the limit and besides he is so well known thruout the district that he is going to pull a strong vote in all sections.

In Grayling, Mr. Callaghan has a large acquaintance, especially in fraternal circles. He is known to practically every member of the Loyal Order of Moose and practically every one of them will back him up with their votes besides they are out hustling for him.

Having closed the fall campaign in 1912 by delivering a political talk before a crowded opera house of Grayling people, he is well known to a large majority of Crawford county republicans, who remember well his enthusiastic republican spirit and recognize him as a man well informed and with the ability to back up his statements.

Mr. Callaghan was for many years postmaster of Reed City and after retiring was a successful hardware merchant.

He has for many years identified himself with affairs of state, fighting for the great principles of fairness to both capital and labor alike, and the adoption of constructive material laws and regulations. He is alive to the greater needs of the State and is a man of keen intelligence coupled with fair mindedness.

"I am sure I stand for all things that Crawford county and the 28th district need and I am egotistical enough to believe that I am able to serve the people better than any candidate so far presented." Says Mr. Callaghan.

Mr. Callaghan is also an extensive farmer making a big success of farming cut-over farm land. He wants your votes in the primaries and that is the reason for this announcement. He wants the people to have an honest knowledge of just the kind of man he is, and if he suits, VOTE FOR HIM.



M. M. CALLAGHAN

Republican

Candidate for

SENATOR

28th District

Primaries Tuesday, August 29th, 1916.

Use the Avalanche want column for results.

An Unusual Offer.

Mr. A. M. Lewis is instructed to sell Dr. Navaun's Kidney Tablets under this guarantee: "That after you have used them for ten days for backache, rheumatism or nervousness, and you are not pleased with the results, return the balance of the package to Mr. Lewis and he will refund your fifty cents." A. M. Lewis, your druggist.

Use the Avalanche want column for results.

Dr. Insley & Keyport

Physicians & Surgeons

Office over Lewis & Co's. Drug Store.

Office Hours—2-4, 7-8 p. m. Mornings and Sundays by appointment.

Residence on Peninsular Avenue, opposite G. A. R. Hall.

Bank of Grayling.

Successor to Crawford County Exchange Bank.

MARIUS HANSON PROPRIETOR.

Interest paid on certificates of deposit. Collections promptly attended to. All accommodations extended that are consistent with safe and conservative banking.

MARIUS HANSON, Cashier.

G. A. Canfield, D.D.S.

DENTIST

OFFICE: Over Alexander's Law Office on Michigan Avenue.

Office hours: 8:30-11 a. m., 1-3:30 p. m.

J. Atwood Whitaker, M.D.

Physician and Surgeon

Office over Central Drug Store.

Office hours 2 to 4 and 7 to 8 p. m.

Residence on Maple street, first residence from Michigan avenue.

Office phone 842.

Residence phone 303.

GLEN SMITH, Attorney and Solicitor,

PROSECUTING ATTORNEY

GRAYLING, MICH.

Phone 62.

Dr. J. J. Love

DENTIST

Phone 1271

Hours: 9 to 11:30 a. m., 1 to 5 p. m.

Office: Upstairs next to postoffice

O. Palmer

ATTORNEY AT LAW

FIRE INSURANCE and REAL ESTATE

Office in Avalanche Building

O. P. Schumann

Justice of the Peace

At Avalanche Office

Witch Hazel Oil

(COMPOUND)

For Piles or Hemorrhoids, External or Internal, Blind or Bleeding, Itching or Burning.

One application brings relief. Two sizes, 25c. and \$1.00, at all druggists or mailed.

Send Free Sample of Oil to

Humphreys' Homeo. Medicine Company, 156 William Street, New York.

SICK ANIMALS

A BIG BOOK on diseases of Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Dogs and Poultry, mailed free. Humphreys' Veterinary Medicine, 156 William Street, New York.

Central Drug Store

You may be next! Why don't you buy some Fire Insurance?

GEO. L. ALEXANDER & SON.

Such tobacco enjoyment

as you never thought could be is yours to command quick as you buy some Prince Albert and fire-up a pipe or a home-made cigarette!

Prince Albert gives you every tobacco satisfaction your smoke-appetite ever hankered for. That's because it's made by a patented process that cuts out bite and parch! Prince Albert has always been sold without coupons or premiums. We prefer to give quality!



PRINCE ALBERT

the national joy smoke

has a flavor as different as it is delightful. You never tasted the like of it! And that isn't strange, either.

Buy Prince Albert everywhere tobacco is sold in tippy red bags, 5c; tippy red tins, 10c; handsome pound and half-pound tin humidor—and that corking fine pound crystal-glass humidor with sponge-moistener that keeps the tobacco in such clever trim—always!

Men who think they can't smoke a pipe or roll a cigarette can smoke and will smoke if they use Prince Albert. And smokers who have not yet given P. A. a try-out certainly have a big surprise and a lot of enjoyment coming their way as soon as they invest in a supply. Prince Albert tobacco will tell its own story!

R. J. REYNOLDS TOBACCO CO., Winston-Salem, N. C.